

Ref: 89-F0I-0102

Mr. John B. Dwyer 430 Westbrook Dayton, OH 45415

Dear Mr. Dwyer:

This is in response to your January 13, 1989, Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request regarding Military Assistance Command Vietnam Special Operations Group (MACVSOG) documents which was received in this directorate on January 17, 1989.

Per your reformulated request as discussed with Commander Langerman of my staff on August 25, 1989, the enclosed documents have been determined to be responsive and fulfill your request:

- a. Annex A (Special Operations), 1964 MACV Command history, 14 January 1964.
- b. Annex B (Studies and Observations Group), 1971-1972 MACV Command History, c. April 1972.
- c. Annex M (Special Operations), 1966 MACV Command History, 5 May 1967.
- d. Annex N (Special Operations), 1965 MACV Command History, 2 June 1966.

These four enclosed documents have been reviewed by the United States Department of State and the Joint Staff. The information that has been redacted or deleted is pursuant to Title 5 USC 552:

- --(b)(1) material which is properly classified pursuant to Executive Order 12356 in the interest of national defense or foreign policy. Such information concerns military plans, weapons, or operations; foreign government information; intelligence activities or sources; and foreign relations or foreign activities of the United States.
- --(b)(6) information release of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

You are advised that you have the right to appeal the decision to deny material that has been exempted from release by Major General Richard B. Goetze Jr., USAF, an Initial Denial Authority for the Joint Staff. Any such appeal should offer

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justification to support reversal of the initial denial and should be forwarded within 60 calendar days after your receipt of this letter to the following address:

Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Public Affairs)
Directorate for Freedom of Information and Security Review
Pentagon, Room 2C757
Washington, DC 20301-1400

In accordance with the Department of Defense Freedom of Information Act Regulation published at 32 CFR 286, Federal Register Volume 54, No. 155, of August 14, 1989, we have categorized your request as commercial in nature. Commercial requesters are required to pay search, review, and reproduction costs associated with their requests. Thus, you will encounter an assessable fee for any work related to your request. However, should the total cost be less than \$15.00, fees would be waived.

Established Department of Defense fees are: clerical search or review - \$12.00 per hour; professional search or review - \$25.00 per hour; executive review - \$45.00; computer search - varies according to the system used; microfiche - \$0.25 per page; reproduction - \$0.15 per page; and publications or reports - \$0.02 per page.

The costs attributable to you in this instance are reproduction costs as these documents have been previously released and are in the public domain. The chargeable costs of processing your commercial request consisted of 475 pages of office machine reproduction at \$.15 per page.

Please indicate the FOIA reference number above on a check or money order made payable to the U.S. Treasurer in the amount of \$71.25. Send the payment within 30 days to this office at the address previously indicated in this letter.

Sincerely,

W. M. McDonald
Director
Freedom of Information
and Security Review

Enclosures: As stated

CYT/Langerman:mml:89-0102 MACV:891002: grn___ pnk___ wht___

HEAD WARTELE united states helifary asuistance company, villega-APO San Francisco, Galifornia 56213

MACSOG

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SUBJECT: Transmittal of Armex A, 1964 MCV Command History

TO:

See Diewibukken

 (U) Attached an en inclosure in Annex A, Special Oppical org; to the 1954 Command History.

(U) Because of the sensitivity of the information medial tri in this amon, its distribution has been restricted to those against considered to have an expential need-to-know. It is requested that the further distribution be unds without the engress consent of this teams quarters.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

l Incl Annex A - Special Operations w/Appendix

Captain, AGC

Distribution: $2 - \alpha \alpha$ 2 - 030 2 - 020

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THE REQUESTS YOUR OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY.

FOR 1964 AND IS DEVELOUD FROM ASSOCIATION AVAILABLE.

AND FROM THE PERSONAL PERSONALIZATIONS OF INDEVELORIZA

APPINED AS OF 30 JUNE 1965

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(This annex summarizes the activities of the Studies and Observations Oroup (SCG), Hoadquarters, Hilitary Assistance Command, Vistnam (MACV), during 196h. Details of these activities are contained in the attached amendix).

1. Background:

a. Sili was organized on 2h January 196h as the Special Operations Group under the direct supervision of the Chief of Staff. MCV. As such, its activities

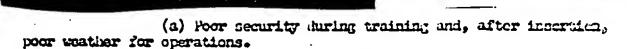
Its mission was to execute an intensified program of harassumt; diversion, political pressure, capture of prisoners, physical destruction, acquisition of intelligence, generation of propagands, and diversion of resources, against the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (NNV).

b. Policy guidance for the conduct of special operations, as received from Washington in March, was based on the philosophy that much operations were desirable, on a non-competitive basis with respect to resources allocated to counterinsurgency operations in South Vistman (SVN). Thus, a limited program would be implemented with a relatively moderations in tempo to produce measurable effects on the DRV. The overall plan was designated MACV UPLAN 3MA.

2. Operations:

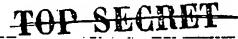
a. Air and Airbornes

(1) Airborne operations against the DNV consisted of small scale demolition operations, collection of intelligence, interdiction of lines of communication, and limited psychological various operations;



Problems encountered included:

(b) Mugged terrain for survivability.



Water Divition by

(c) Need for closer coordination between COG, AVENT, and Republic of Vietnam Air Force (VLAF).

(d) Use of aircraft (C-123) with inadequate capabilities for the operational tasks.

b. Maritime:

(1) Maritime of crations against the DEV consisted of raids on facilities, Swatow's and short grange probes. Fight Fatrol Torpedo Fast boats (ITF) were provided during the year with approximately 145 Vietnamese granued as crews.

- (2) Froblems encountered during the overstions:
- (a) Restrictions due to Seventh Fleet operations in the Gulf of Tonkin.
 - (b) Armament.
 - (c) Foor weather (typhoons).
- (d) Concorn over DR measurement eaction, which limited the area of operations.
 - (e) Maintenance, spare parts, and equipment difficulties.

c. Psychological:

(1) Psychological operations were

in Hersh

Victnam (DEV). These operations elicited positive DEV reaction and advantage was taken of it in subsequent psychological operations. Continued studies were made and disseminated on DEV target groups and governmental apparatus.

d. Intelligence:

Intelligence :as also collected or order of battle and the location of military installations in both the DRV and Laos. Target analysis was furnished to 2d Air Division, USAF, in support of the various air strike programs conducted in those two countries.

e. Logistics:

Funding and logistics support was complicated

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was required during the year to establish standard procedures which would facilitate the inherently complex nature of such support

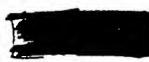
Appendix

SOG Hist: rical Summary 1964

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ANIELETRATION.

ORGANIZATION:

1. The Studies and Observations Group (SOG) was formally organized on 24 January 1964 by General Order 6, Headquarters, United States Military Assistance Command, Vietnam, dated 24 January 1964. At the time of its inception it was designated as the Special Operations Group, consisted of six officers and two enlisted men and was under the direct supervision of the Chief of Staff, MACV. Further it was designated as a separate staff section under CRMSMACV with J-5 having special cognizance of actions accomplished. Its Commander was Colone:

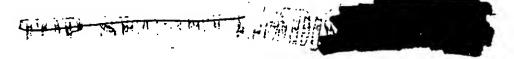
The mission of the organization was directed by JCS to be an intensified program of action against North Vietnam

MANIFERIO:

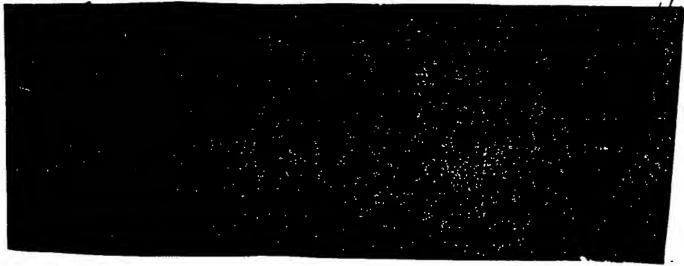
- 2. Initial manning was austere and operations depended largely on TDY augmentation. CIMCPAC established TDY Navy support for U.S. Marall Advisory Detachment (MAD)² as follows:
 - A. Repair and Maintenance Team:
 - (1) First increment Two Officers, II Enlisted.
- (2) Second increment (for support of four boats) Seven additional onlisted.

2 (S) CHICPAC mag 292126Z JAN 1964

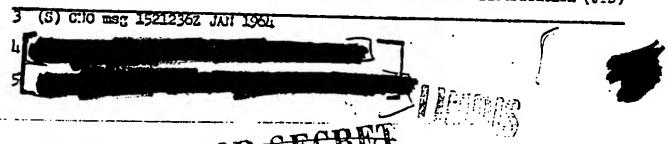




- (3) Third increment (for support of six boats) Five additional enlisted.
- (4) Fourth increment (for support of eight beats) Six additional enlisted.
- B. Boat Training Team: Strength to vary depending on the number of boats and the rate at which Vietnamese crews complete training, based on an allowance of two officers and ten enlisted men per PIF.
 - C. Seal Training Team: Composed of two officers and tet enlisted.
 - D. Marine Recon Team: Composed of one officer and three whisted.
- 3. CTO provided that would handle the administration of personnel records for Nobila Support Team (MST) and boat training teams.



5. Insofar as permanent party personnel were concerned, COMMINIACY forwarded to CINCPAC, in February 1964, a Joint Table of Distribution (JTD)



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proposing an organization of personnel (138 military for approval. GTEPAC forwarded the JTD to JCS on 17 march 196k recommendating the reduction of total spaces to 68 military and 28 civilians). Somewhat recommended further consideration of the original recommended JTD. 7 CETCPAC advised that an interim 100 man JTD was approved by JCS. CETCPAC furnished JCS with a final proposed JTD composed of personnel (97 military 197 military 197 military 198 military

6. At the time the JTD was forwarded to JCS by CHRCPAC carial COBUS, the same letter authorized a TDY Army sugmentation of one officer and 15 enlisted to assist in the training of Vietnamese at Camp Long Thanh. Il The need for this team had previously been recognized and MACCOC had requested Commanding General, USARYES to provide this training detachment not later than 25 March 1964; and to provide emphasis on the following subjects for predeployment training: 12

b. Survival techniques pertinent to Southeast Asia (SEA).

c. River and obstacle arcssing techniques.

d. Advanced first aid.

e. Mathods of instructing all the above subjects, plus teatles, weapons, and airborne training, to include field exercises.

6 (S) CI:CPAC ltr 5320/40 se	F: 00385	10 (3) 500 mg	4516 FT 1961
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7 (5) COMMENSET MAR 280505Z MAR 1964

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8 (S) CITCPAC instruction of the Local

22 (8) MICSON mag 11,077300 Feb 69

9 (S) CINCPAC 1tr 00589 of 24 APR 1984



7. Eacause of increasing concern with the security of the security

7. Fecause of increasing concern with the security of the man TOY Marine augmentation consisting of one security officer and four entisted man. This request was approved by CETCPAC and the individuals ordered TOT pending change to 200 JTM and the arrival of PCS personnel. Puring the same period it becars increasingly apparent that in order to maintain a twenty-four hour per day capability, the SOC Communications Branch strength was not sufficient to neet SOC needs for increased support. Techniquents without further emperatations a Accordingly, on 17 August a letter was dispatched to GETCPAC requesting an increase of three officers and four been enlisted personnel for these two activities— upported by JCE, two officers and four men of this increase were to transferred to Headquarters, MEMAD, ACSI, DA, TD. This change was approved as submitted.

8. In August of 1964 it became necessary to request an increase to the fifteen man Mobile Training Team (MTT) at Camp Long Thanh. The Sactitude that the operation: and activities of 500 were steadily increasing, plus the experience gained from six months operations, indicated that a larger and more diversified Mobile Training Team was needed to conclude that training at Long Team. As a result of this decision, a message was dispatched requesting the strength of the MTT be increased to twenty-enc

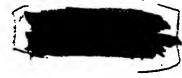
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14 (S) CINCPAC rrg 132331/2 JUL 1964

15 (S) JCS mag :41225Z SEP 1964

16 (S) MACGOG #3g 7225 DTG 010705 AUG 1964





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PART II

OPERATIONS.

DACKGROUND POLICY MATTERS

- 1. COMMINACY summarized significant matters resulting from the March 1964 visit of Secretary of Defense McManara and General Taylor for dissemination to commanders. Among other things decisions were made as follows:
- a. Continue to carry out currently approved actions under OFLAN
 MA. Do not, however, desire to the up or withdraw Republic of Vietnam
 (RVM) assets needed for prosecution of the counterinsurgency effort.
- b. Order has already been issued to proceed with the serial mine laying training of the Vietnamese Air Force (VMAF).
- c. In this same message, it was pointed out that following guidance was provided:
- (1) To hold in Vietnam is fundamental and we should concentrate on fundamentals and avoid diverting our time and efforts on poripheral issues.
- (2) In the execution of approved actions under OPLAN 34A we should not pross RVM to put over-riding priority on resources they require for successful prosecution of the counterinsurgency efforts. U.S. resources will be made available.
- (3) Look with disfavor on introduction of B-57's at this time. Will review again in case of step-up of 3LA.

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(4) Approved actions under OPLAN 34A constitutes a desirable but not fundamental program from the Washington point of view.

BACKGROWND POLICY HATTERS

SUMFCT: Implementation of South Vietnem Programs

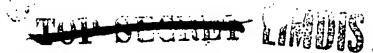
- 2. After the visit to South Vietnam (SVN), in March, by Secretary McManara and General Taylor a report was made to the National Security Council. The report was considered and approved by the President at a meeting of the National Security Council on 17 March. A message from JCS to CDUPAC and COMUSHACV stated that the Assistant Secretary of State for Far Fastern Affairs had been designated to coordinate the execution of the recommendations contained in the report. Pertinent portions of this 32 page message are extrated and outlined below.
- a. U.S. Objectives in SVN: We seek an independent non-commist SVN. (A brief rationale for this objective was given and it was emphasized that the stakes were high insofar as foreign aid was concerned.)
 - b. Present U.S. Policy in SVII:
- (1) Help SVM defeat the Viet Cong (VC) by means short of unqualified of U.S. forces.
- (2) We are acting against the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (LRV) by a very modest that it is unlikely to have any significant effect. (U.S. policy in Laos and was touched on.)

^{2 (}S) JCS SACSA 1515222 Acroh 1964 (SDB COMBURELL)



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c. Present Situation in SVI":

- (1) SVN/U.S. governments military tools and concepts still sound.
- (2) Substantially more can be done militarily, civic action, and economically.
 - (3) Turnover more responsibilities to SVM if possible.
- (4) 7.5. will continue to reiterate that the Vietnamese must help themselves but we will continue assistance.
- (5) Situation is growing worse: Less government control of country side, apathy, political structure is weakening; NVN support is growing.
- (6) Weakest point is the uncertain viability of Khanh Government.
- (7) Positive side: Khanh Government responsive to J.S. advice.

d. Alternative Present Courses:

- (1) Negotiate the basis of neutralization: This is impossible-would mean communist takeover of STA.
 - (2) Initiate Governments of SVN and U.S. actions against DRY:
 - (a) Border control actions.
- (b) Retaliatory actions reconnaissance, bombin; strikes and commando raids, serial mining.
- (c) Oraduated overt military pressure by the Governments of SVM and U.S. (this consideration was considered as untimely).
 - (3) Initiate measures to improve situation SV::



- (a) Emphasize at all levels that we are prepared to continue assistance.
 - (b) Continue to support Khanh Government.
 - (c) Support fully the pacification plan.
 - (d) Place the nation on a war footing mobilize.
 - (e) Increase the armed forces by 50,000 men.
 - (f) Davelop a civil administration corps.
 - (g) Improve and reorganize the paramilitary forces.
- (h) Create an offensive querrilla force to operate along the border and in areas where VC control is dominant. Organize along grounds of present Ranger companies and Army of the Republic of Vietnam (ARVII) Special Forces with special training and advice by U.S. Special Forces.
- (1) Strengthen the Vietnamese Air Force (VIAF) by exchaning A-III's for T-28's.
- (j) Exchange M-11h armored personnel carrier with M-113's and provide additional river boats.
- (k) Expand and publicly a nounce the fertilizer program.

 (Following the above considerations, a brief discussion of costs was presented and conclusions were made with the recommendation that this course of action should be pursued urgently.)

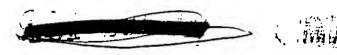
e. Possible Later Actions:

(1) He prepared to wount new and significant pressures against NVN.



II.





(a) Develop a capability to initiate border consecutations within 72 hours.

(b) Achieve a capability to imitiate within 30 days notice the program of graduated overt military pressure.

(c) Grant authority immediately for Vietnamese operations into Lacs

f. Other Actions Considered but Rejected:

- (1) Return of dependents. Continue present policy.
- (2) Furnish a U.S. combat unit to defend Saigon. (Rationals is that this would have an adverse psychological effect.)
 - (3) !.S. take over command.
- g. Recommendations. That the President instruct appropriate agencies of the U.S. Government to:
 - (1) Make clear our resolve to continue support.
- (2) Make clear that we support Khanh and disapprove of any further coups.
 - (3) Support a national mobilization program.
 - (4) Assist the Victnamese to increase the armed forces.
- (5) Assist the Vietnemese to create an offensive guerrille force.
- (6) Assist the Vietnamese to create an enlarged administrative corps.
- (7) Assist the Vietnemese to improve and reorganize paramilitary forces and to increase their compensation.
 - (8) Provide 25 A-IH's in exchange for T-20's.



(9) Provide additional 1-113's (Withdraw M-114's), additional

river boats and 5-10 million additional material.

- (10) Announce publicly the fertilizer program and triple the smount made available.
- (11) Authorize continued high level U.S. overflights of SVN's borders and to authorize "Hot Pursuit" and SVN operations over Laction ling.
- (12) Be prepared on 72 hour notice to initiate full range of Lactian border control actions and to be on 30 days notice to initiate the program of graduated overt military pressure against NVM.

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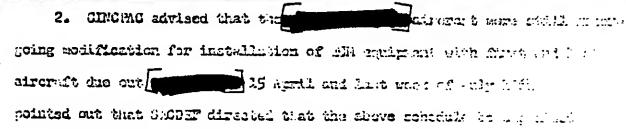
ADD OFFICERS

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1. As a result of Secretary of Dofense vision to FV:, a product was established to medify sircraft for Set use. The designer of project name assigned was

program. In non-standard additional Atoms to be inevalled where the

Air Mivision would assign maintenance personnel and would support the program. MACS of advised CINCPAN of the status of aurengements to support the project and where the source of aircraws would be drawn.



modification would be proposed as follows!

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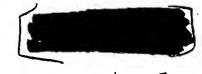
#5 - 19 May 1981

46 - 21 June 156:

h. MACSON 3853/140760Z Meyel queried JOS on which had to be done to OPIAN 3hA sireraft. Jes responded with Jon coughly Mayok which indicated that COMMINIACV seek out operations. MOSCI presented guidelines for further, it was wancemented there the the sircraft be delivered to the and held there until. problem was solved. Consuguently, only one electric eas brought into RVM and respect of andrewing was nonstandard equipment which modifies eirorafta Tho message also pointed out that the maintenance problem had not been remained. advised tha 15 June 1884. 6 Class Line State edviced that the exceed increased of three cheerest would deput the limit on 27 July 1964 and produce as a man of August 1964. The files sireraft arrived in Rall unsettined on 20 June 156: Inc. inc. inc. Mrandi arrives in AVI on 26 November 1922.

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6. CHESTROAT satisfied them

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The 190 days effective 15 June 1955 for purpose of farmishing technical sessistance on

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ted not arrived in RVN and that his samistance was ungently mosted for Boppler Navigational System. Also, that organization of ansignment for meaning the was required so that his AF Form 855 sould be cartificated on 27 July, Headquarters, AFIG informed MAGU that would be departing RTA on about 10 Jugust 1985.

- 7. On 22 July 1966, the 2d Air Division savisal certain unterested.
 Air Force agencies that Major and assigned to MACFLOR channel be added as an additional addresses on the agency agency.
- 8. MACSOS advised CINCPAC West on immediate requirements outstail and mirrors to be to said available not once for housing. The message lieuwes the unguest required continuations and sine administration occurred to suprement. AND propositions are a AFTO for mondiance. In the formula to suprement the mids and lieuwest received congressed that possibly the mids and lieuwest to modify the sizeraft. CINCPACIF gave approved to some three sizeraft.
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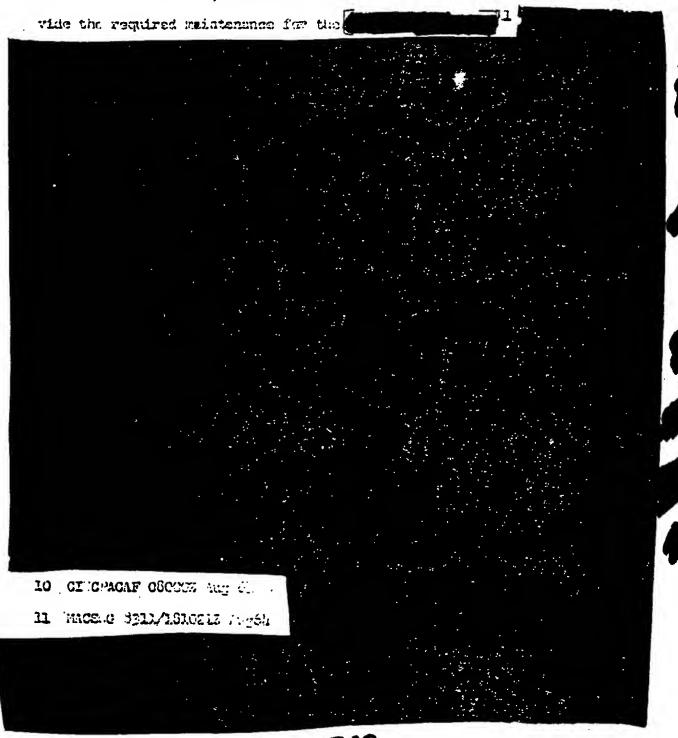


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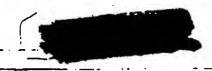
to RVN for commonous of training. The sempage which charten to the semi-density work accomplished in CHNS. 10

9. The maintenance contract skill had not been reschied by this any and. Consequently, MACSON requested that a decision be made as to mee would pro-



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additional requests for modifications were submitted. MACS-N requests of that arrangements be made to install an audio capability to the AMA capital ment. CLICPAC advised CENCPACAT to expedite COMUNICAT 2309500 North to queen.

determined there is a superiority was uncertainteenly to conduct in Man, to was determined there is a superiority was uncertainteenly to conduct in Man, the state in the state of the insuitability of the unsuitability o

maintenance when both angines addingtioned resulting is down large or or aircraft at sea. On 10 December 1964, another to the maintenance when both angines adding the mother of the maintenance of the december 1964, another to the december 1964, another 1964

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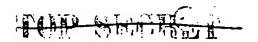
training mission flaw into a mountain northwart of the scalent. Michael was a complete loss with all personnel perishing in the accident. Michael advised that in view of the two losses, the hims was ripe to push for a more suitable aircraft. Further, it requested that until a suitable aircraft or replacement aircraft became available, that assistance be obtained from the 2d Air Division regarding leaning two unsodified air craft to continue air craw training program. As a result of the above massage, 2d Air Division was directed to provide two aircraft to MacSut with certain restrictions.

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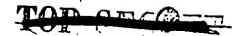
Maritime Operations Historical Success.

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II.	Grows for Haritime Graft
III	AF Delivery Schedule
$\mathcal{I}_{\mathcal{L}_{\bullet}}$	FTF Haintonence
भ	FTF Support
VI	defense
ZII	FTF-1 and FTF-2 Disposition
VIII	Sidet Shadis
FT.	PPR Taken

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Maritime Operations

I. Operations Summary:

component of William commenced formal operations in February 1964 with unsuccessful swimmer attacks against and end and an end on 16 February 1964. They were followed by a similarly unsuccessful swimmer attack at and two aborted actions against.

A total of eight action personnal were lost on these operations.

2. The first in a planned series of MAV fishing junk captures, named operation was successfully executed off on 27 May Three successive team actions resulted in destruction of a storage facility at 12

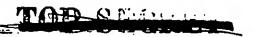
June, demolishing a bridge in the vicinity of mouse on 30 June. On 25 June, defection offers to MIV captains were placed in lighted budys offers to may bases in support of psychological operations concept "Operation lorge"

A term action against the security post on 15 July was aborted in:

"Use objective area; with loss of two tilm members.

installed on PTF's 7 and 8 (recently arrived at the stage of decided to initiate the already programmed bombardment concept in support of

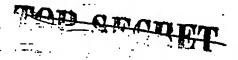




OPINN 30A, commencing with utilization of 57-mm EN towns from the deck
of PTF's and later expending to the Ol-mm mortars. The first bombardments on 30 July, utilized PTF's 2 and 5 against
in Tactical Comment (OTC)
, and PTF's 3 and 6 against
(GTC)
. These missions were well expended and highly
successful, with secondary explications at mand casey remistance
encountered at

5. In July MCV set up July-August patrol coordination procodures, indicating Maritims Operations compatibility, provided
1960V always had accurate knowledge of whereabouts. On 31 Julya DeSoto patrol entered the which made in
necessary to schedule maritime operations during this period no account
than 36 hours after passage of the ship in any specific area.

security post were adjusted to conform and the notions were executed on 3 August. PTF-6 reported many fires upon departure from bomber durant by PTF-0 2 and bomber durant by PTF-0 2 and five days. During this action, patrol was in the northern resches of the land and to insure non-interference, was requested by C MUSINACY not to proceed below.



山田田 明明教教師は明日 による



¹ MCSOG 0702532 Augeli

² MACSOO 192241Z Jul 64

³ MACISOG CLO9552 Augóli

TOP

7. The ensuing attack by MV motor tempedo bests against patrol ships on the night of h August precipitated a stand-down of caritime operations in the ordered by JCS, which was eventually to result in no boat activity.

For a two month period.

Air and/or Mayal elements immediately following the h August Incident, the eight PTF's deployed to compare on 5 August with combined US/VM.I crews on board (Vm. CTC combined Senior US Advisor-Lt(jg) Overall staff coordination for the deployment was supervised by the Chief, Maritime Operations Section of SCI (Cdr combined to combined the Chief) and combined the Chief of August.

[Cdr combined US/VM.I crews on board (Vm. CTC combined to combined the Chief of SCI (Cdr combined by the Chief, Maritime Operations Section of SCI (Cdr combined to combined the Chief of SCI (Cdr combined to combined to combined the Chief of SCI (Cdr combined to combined the Chief of SCI (Cdr combined to combined to combined the Chief of SCI (Cdr combined to combined to combined to combined the Chief of SCI (Cdr combined to combined the combined to combi

- 8. In August JCS requested testing of a 105-mm RH on board a PTF for possible use as a standoff weapon with sufficient range to reach some inland targets not attainable with the 81-mm morter. The ordnance was obtained from along with suitable supervisory personnol and complete tests were conducted over a period of several weeks. Resulting shock damage to PTF components, indicated unsatisfactory capability of employment of the 105-mm RH in this manner and this was reported to JCS.
- 9. On 12 August CIECPACELT requested CHESVENTHER plan for aircraft cover of a maritime operations probe into the utilizing
 Seventh Fleet EC-121 following the two such coordinated missions



TOI SEUDEN

scheduled for 28 and 31 August. At this time, it was folt appropriate that a set of communication and recognition signals be developed for use in case of emergency precedures between units of the Seventh Flect and 30 craft. The first set of signals was to be promulgated on 23 August by MACSON and incorporated the already existing two latter recognition signals, developed in July for use between Coastal Security Service (CSS)/VNN craft in I Corps coastal waters by the Naval Advisory Group. The proposed missions were eventually passed over by events and did not untertalize. However, the significance of the emergency procedures developed at this time was to be confirmed by examples of their future usefulness.

10. Higher authority decided upon VALF vice US air cover for Maritims operations only. Accordingly, NAD installed ANVARC-27 in PTF's for All compatibility and conducted training with VNAF AIH controlled by SNU C-123 aircraft.

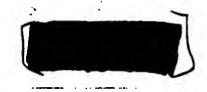
II. During late August, an accidental rocket launcher explosion resulting in injury of a SEAL team member at the compact of MSFACFIE to initiate action to assist in testing/development and procurement of all operational ordnance items.

12. JCS-authorized resumption of maritime operations and requested schedule submission by 12 Saptember. 7 A five day and as scheduled

LOD GRODELL

IV-5 .

LIMDIS



⁴ MACSOC 1306452 Augely

⁶ CT:CPACFLT 250LSIZ Aug61

⁵ HACSON 23020LIZ Augóli

⁷ JCS 10180LZ Sepáls



for commencernt 17 September. MACSIG submified eight proposed operations to run over a 13 day period correspond 23 hours after the trol. cleared the 22 September).

13. September all FTF's deployed to to evide typhocn Filds, returning 23 September. September all first defended triefinitely. Maritimo operations to day probe off first and feeling by typhocn Anita and residual.

uns finally conducted 3 Cotober.

14. At CINCPAC suggestion, DD/PTF training plan was formulated and firmed during CTG 70.0 representatives (Circulated visit to USNAD, with USNAD provincing PTF's for one-time identity training exercise, which eventually expended into formal continuing training. CSG emergency communication and recognition procedures were premilgated in first format on 4 October. 10

15. Haritime operations missions for approximately one and cha-half month period were forwarded per JCS request on a time schedule format.

All missions were to be launched only upon JCS case by case evaluation of previous mission and JCS outherization.

16. CTG 70.8 usurption of maritime operations ATF services resulted in ALCSON deferment of services until schedule was submitted via ALCV and cleared. MCSON proposal for orderly scheduling was concurred in and resterated by CAMBETVATHIFLE, and PTF services resummi. 12.

¹⁰ MACY OLOSSOZ Octóli





⁸ KACSTS 111741Z Sopóli

^{. 11} JCS 270813Z Sepéla

⁹ CTG 70.8 281525Z 3ap64

¹² CHSEVENTHELT 0907212 Cetáls

use conducted 10 October, and shardmant was declared due errondour photo interpretation residue indicating notes toupode books plus were liture successfully conducted 28 October.

18. In order to take educating of few days of presided good services during the northeast monacon, maritime operations commoned subsides of several final OPIANS for successive conduct. Sperations were restorated by massage through operation of channels due to higher subscriby concern over INF reaction on unbilities.

- 19. In view expending interest in maritim operations, ALGERS requision CINCPAC distribute emargency processes to additional addressess including PACAF. 14
- 20. MACSIN conducted a six boat navel bombardments of the same and same and same on 3 December.
- 21. The uping the neval torbandment was about it is the tanget in a few to this mayal order of bastle on I and 22 December law thought the few weather. December operations were deminated by unfavoued a continer of the countries.
- 22. MACSOG requested the presence of US navel years and the life in anti-FMT recovered in the UOT for payon Postusi hour like and weather perods that proclude remiting operations. 13

TOD CHARM



^{1.3} MACSON COOSLESS Moresia

¹⁴ MCS.G 2523302 Mc763

¹⁵ MACSON 0909272 Deafix



granted for conduct. See Request for cose-by-case windfall. The conduct against anchored/disabled Mil evalt and volumerable whichel beach range or use approved. 17

24. JCS proposed two package macrain nencepts with package man to the from approximately 15 December through 15 Jenuary and package two theres after, with provision for US six nover in package two. 18

HASV proposed use of omisting GSS emergency procedures; SCH-SWHITHFLT suggested evaluation of procedures, and CINCPAC/CINCPANTAL requested MAGG/CINSIN HITHFLT tost. 19 MACG, masswhile, Inid down grow visions for conduct of training due to intensive use of FTF's in Cavanable periods of monagen weathers.

25. JCS was informed of intent to Launch contents (valid such day if weather favorable) until continuous good weather gravails. 21

25. MCSTO granted authority to GREEVENHAME to designed consigning procedure ordered to Secret Now training. CEL 70.8 proposed II. The training cir/surfaces training to achieve processes in achievening beate. MATSON augrenosis in DD/PTF allocate training, plus amongency processes weeksing roturning FTF's for mission of her IT depress acres.

LO HACSHO GBO325% Des 61;

SO MACSUG BLOVEDZ Boock

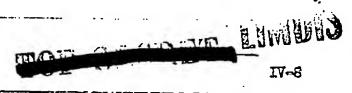
17 MACSON 050725% Decth

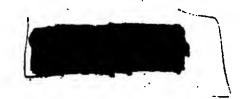
22 MAGSCO 2603374 Beach.

18 JCS CA232GZ Decids

22 MACSOO 2810142 Basel

19 MACSOG 0502152 Dec61:



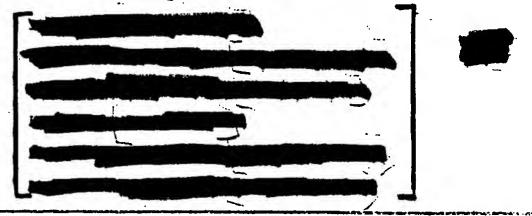


EZ- CRIMS FOR MANITUME GHAFT

1. In 16 January 1964, Goneral specience letter (Middle Co COS1-64) to Major General Major General RVII, communing in the VNN from 15 to 145 men during 1964 to support the boat requirements.

2. On 27 January 1964, General dispatched another Letter to General AACS'S CC62-64) informing him that there would be a topal of eight boats and listed personnel requirements for the six additional boats. Dates for cres availability were listed as follows:

- a. Cres requirements: 1 March: X)
- b. Cray regularements: 15 April: 30
- c. Grew requirements: 15 Hay: 30
- d. Supervisory personnel as soon as possible: Seven callegra.
- 3. On 12 February 1964, General disputched letter (MACSON 0059-64) to General containing the same requirements as those foregried to General disk the midditional requirement for 40 action team personnel.
- h. The following personnel reported for duty with Mobile Supports
 Seem (FFT) as boat toming towns for FTT's 3 and h: 23



53 CAMBRICA SIMPLY PRISE OF



duby with bomb traditing because 5 and 6:

- 6. On I May PTF's 5 and 6 Arrived and the crows (praces from PIPE) 3 and 4) commonced training. PTP-5 was operational ready 7 June.

 PTF-6 was operational ready 2h June.
- 7. On 16 June 1964, Ghief, S.G forwarded a letter to COMUSINGE requesting two complete crows for PTF's 7 and 8. The letter was proposed for forwarding official requests to General although 600, Whi, had egreed to provide such creme. Colonel coordination was obtained on the letter. On 22 June, General epicied that he had discussed the requirement with General and the letter had approved our request. 24
- 8. On 27 April the following paracimal reported to INT-1-01 for duty with book training teems 7 and 8:



9. PIF's 7 and 8 with VHA oraws arrived and commenced training 7 July. Both crows were operational ready by mid-August.

10. On 28 August, George Land Subjection a latter to accommod the Subjection of Personnel). Among other requests, this letter requested the Will provide PTF Grow 9 as a spers crow.

24 MACEDE Ite COUES-64

IV-10



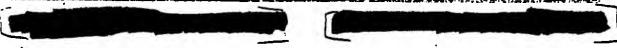


III. HTF DELIVERY SCHEOULE

- attempted to conflam delivery of FIF's 5 and 6 as on or shows livery with CREWAYBASE SURIC. 26.
- 2. COMCPACELY stated PYF's L and 2 plus pontons dock, trans bergs, and tender being resided a for delivery to the PYF's was 22-Sk April. 27
- 3. In answer to a query by Computerial, Seventh Floet, Cambushing UNIC informed as to the following proposed FTF shipping dates:
 - a. 13 April: Pontoon drydock, crune, and wander bargon.
 - b. 20 April: PTF's 1 and 2.
- c. 1 May: PIT's 5 and 6; return PTs 3 est & e Subic dur funit tank improvement.
 - d. 20 Hay: Return FTF's 3 and h to Danings
 - s. 20 June: PTF's 7 and 8.

he Cn 20 April CTF 76 informed MADIGE and object of fallowing are revised PTF delivery schedule are the control of the control

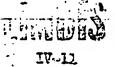
- a. 26 April: PTF's 1 and 2 to
- b. Il Hay: PEF's 5 and 6 to
- c. 15 May: PIZ's 3 and h for Subic; reprise the firms.
- d. 23 June: PTF's 7 and 8 to
- 5. SINGPACELY requested withhabited of Mario 1 and 2 that by carring



26 MACSOO OSOUGEZ Hayola

29 OTF 76 200092 Aprola

27 GLIG: ACFIN 27002ks Karék





idalences characteristica and characteristica as he wheels a color of a color of the same of the color of the colors of the colors.

- Extra system. I This would also permit noise level tasks on these house and imput of Vill except which are scheduled excive the fully. (2011) SEVENTIFIC agreed to the above request and stated that could make required delivery or, if further elippage was required. Could make required delivery about 15 august. In reply, HACSEN stated delivery on 7 July was desired. Accordingly, CINCHACTER anabelia
- 7. In response to JCS query, CUMUSNACY stated five additional PETs were needed, two to replace PTF's 1 and 2 with three additional PTF back-up in Subic. 32
- 8. CERCEACHE stated four new PTF'r were due fancemy-kerrel: 1965.33

³³ CINCPACFLE 212023Z Novéh





³⁰ CINCPACFIR 190302 May64

³² MACSON 071.039% Augel

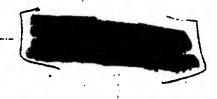
³¹ JACSOG 160259Z Jun6la

W. FMF NAMINTENANON

- that fuel call ter' #9 reptured along a wald on its outboard addo. Along Tanks A and #9 shifted fore and aft due to loose shrauping. Murchen new tooks #2, #3, and #9 vertically buckled on the inboard side about the horizontal wold. Mushal evaluation was that new bushs with equipmental control such appears after do not provide sufficient strangth for securing sithout modification. In was recommended that a representative what what what any any appears to the problem.
- and reported findings recomming installander of new right works munifectured in Subject on PTF's 3 through 8.
- 3. CINCPACENT presuch fuel tent problems to CINCPAC and AUSTRAS and informed all that the installation recommendation in parvarent 2 about wes underway.
- on PTF 2 tumbles during high considerations or nearly munding. Ministration problems encountered in PTF 1 wave solved by a change to NGO C-1 company. Marly resolution of problem was requested.
- A engine on PTF 1 and Su engine on PTF 2. Spers parts from STO & more connibalized to make PTF 1 operational.
- 6. MACSON requested that enlarged heat exchangers be installed a for PTV's 3 and L. Another query was disputched a formal a

The CI'C PACFLE 3104012 Mizell





to plans for installing heat exchangers on FIF's 3 and 4 as sell as PIF's 5 and 6, which had arrived without exchangers.

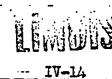
- failed to turnover and that coolant water was found in engine block "pm". 35 Repairs were beyond capability of MDT and the engine would be wellwared to bright had 200 hours time, serial "523, installed in with one year guarantee or 750 running nours. Further, massage requested status of spars deltic engines at Subic.
- the PTF's. In reply stated that the turbo-supercharges is the major source of boat noise, exhaust noise being reduced to minimum by exhaust through an eight inch pipe. Further isolation of super-charges noise was not considered practical by minufacturer's representations.
- 9. On 21 May, MACSOG advisci CINCPACFIR that PIF engine noise was excessive and requested authority to conduct initial investigation on PIF's 7 and 8 to determine feasibility of an economical lightweight intotallation designed to reduce engine noise level.
- 10. CHICHACFLE pessed MACS 0's desires to BUSHLES requisiting our ments and recommendations. Accordingly, BUSHLES advanced to and my chiper characteristic conducting tests provided recommendations considered would not adversely affect engine performance.
- 11. MACSOO edvised Section 9 Sure that it appeared that about tests would be drawn out and that delay of delivery of PIF's was not acceptable.

35 MACSOO 2805512 APP-64

37 MACS . G 090922: Junely

36 MACSOS 2100LOZ MIY6L



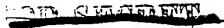


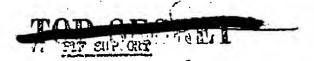


12. MACSON proposed to commence evenhant of PNFn by charthag with approximately 1 December 1964 to PFF 3, 354 lifting it from MACSIN further stated overheal schedule of first four FTFs should be bessed on overhaul experience for PTF 3. Overhaul was estimated to be 30 days.

IV-15







- in WESTPAC. 38
- b. PTP administrative/logistical function for PTPs in NVH uses delegated to the content of the c
- c. Assignments of governing procedures and responsibilities for PTF support were established by CENCPACFIR. 40
- 2. In order to clarify responsibilities CINCPACTLY informed CITHAVMILL and C-MSEVENTHFLY that the responsibility for assembly of drydeck
 package, supervising instruction of personnel, evaluation of number of
 propulsion units required for crans barge, preparation for movement to:
 and mooring at, final site and administrative/logistical functions for
 position package in NVM was adsigned to CONTAVERIL vice C MENTAGENIAN.

 CONSENDITATION would continue provide assembly personnel and drydeck
 transportation to mooring site.
- 3. CHICPACFIN requested information from MAGSCO as to acremaments for refueling FTF's 1 and 2 with AVGAS.
- H. MACSON advised CINCAMPINE that an interim measure for reducting PPF's 1 and 2 would be by AVOAS truck on the beach as a base, with craft moored 100 years officer. 12 1855, MACSON stated that fuel flow completion

28 CORNATHIL COLCOR Herely

LL CINCPACETE 1201396 Marill

39 CINCPACFIF 280342Z Fersh

US HACSCE 0307022 Aproli

LO CHICPACFLY 112157Z Febéli

निर्माण द्वार मान





Might be deligible to delight as actival of funding artifical by higher exchanges or and and the not fortherming scon. A continue with low bidies also we complete little not signed. ESSO required a contract and estimated fix 1 works that a seeming signal after receipt of contract.

5. CIMPACFIR indicated resdinces to design in texts, development and procurement of special FFF ordinance support untortale at requirements and mado known. These requirements were provided by the Adlianting for second MCSSagsa:

mesace

REAU IRIPHATI

MACSOO 2711 12 AUREL

PAR ARTERIAN.

MACGOG 2811512 Augél

Undozenter micrion material.

MACSOG 61071132 Sepál -

Over the beach maderial.

- 6. MACSOS confirmed to CHICHAG a requirement for a T-21, suffrer propulsion unitally
- 7. MACSON rowhered and restated prior voluminous regenge tradific on PTF ordnance support rangirements. 45
- 8. CINCPACTAT dehoduled a Many-wide resident operations operated conference as ______ for 12-13 Crocker rivien was attended by the first of Operations, Maritima Operations, and American Depositions of the second conference, general explicits operations supports problem that the conference a result, NAD weekly surraries of sugnificant unfilled sequestations associated sent to CHICFACFUF for information. These wifilled requisitions related to not only meritime operations ordered equipment but also a general [8] support material and PTF (AST) support material.

43 CINCPACELT 2504512 AugGi

LS Moson 1908074 South

his MACSOS 140812Z Serola





- 9. REPORT TEGENSERS OFF NATIONAL CONSERVATIONS OF THE
 - a. Enoviding PEF recombing purta.
 - b. Providing Osmon medar conal and commit abouts.
- and repair part needs.
- d. Ampediting promunent and delivery of Fix reputy parts

MACSON requested an enlisted electronics technicians at massist in overcoming electronics problems. One was superquently provided.

- 20. CIMCRICFLY questioned whether significant for support degrad size had occurred. 9 MICSCH replied that degradation had not accurred but that none repair parts problems existed which would be salient of SCH approximation visit to the forester 1944.
- 11. CINCYACFIR recommended astablishment of a MT casualty copyr wing the system to improve support. MACHOS conquered and system/pleased in efficient
- 12. MACSOF proposed welleds for key maritime operations offices possessed and at a proposed fold 112 prescribed language, security, proposed briefing, and instruction requirements.
- 13. MACSOB requested CTHOPAC initiate New settler to terminate and track of unclassified secrego references to "US FERT". 53 CINCULO and implemented.

in solving redar and gyro problems. On 2h November installation of Bases 202 redar was completed in Smith plan FTF's F-8 and additional gyro material.

ordered from Subic. 51: 47 MASOS 2311212 Ostal. 48 MACSOS 2807112 Ostal.

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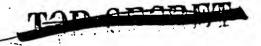
50 PAUSOS 0502EUE Rover

51 CI CPAGELY OSC2172 Howels

Signas alligates

2 ruceus 24071,12 North

DE KIGSOS Hav.





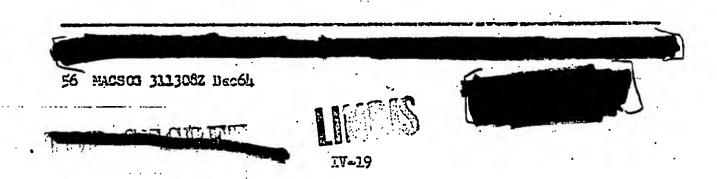


15. A favorable comparison our actions i button a recently obtained.
Tall SIU characteristics with proviously spaced MM 25 acquired characteristics.
A message stated special SIU maintenance perconnel could return to CAMUS and NAD personnel would amintain SFU's, cannibalizing the SFU's to keep the other four operational.

16. MACSOO received and achieved and lookers which contained debriefs of SMF electrical, mechanical, and electronic imagest one of PTF. 55 These letters requested authority to debrief MACSOO personnel in connection with PTF material support. MACSOO considered such authority already provided and requested that forthcoming and materials improvement recommendations to MACSOO on:

- e. Proventative seintenance.
- b. Engineering operating.
- c. Casualty control.

de TF logistical support.





VI. ROSS DEFETSE

- epecial support from 0.0 to improve the unsatisfactory.
- 2. MACSON requested CI.CPACFIF representative, immaledgeable in harbor defense, to survey contact the contact and assist in erriving at an in-country resolution. 58
- 3. CINCPAC requested concept (in event surface craft attack for PIF role in passive protection or active defence. ⁵⁹ MACSCS subsideted the following concepts:

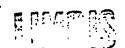
a. Active:

- (1) Attack and deflect NIV creft whorever concentered
- (2) Operate in equipmed sections to avoid mistaine identify.
- (3) US OTC on PTFs involved in operations
- (h) If provided, use US/VN nevel and air support with appropriate communications and coordination.

b. Passim:

- (1) Readiness of PEVs to increase alast or to sortic.
- (2) Surveillance by FIN/Smill craft and been personed by Lord attack from land and see.
- h. MACSON reported to GINCPAG that the CINCPAGELS accompanies on the terminal of the second of the second of the survey were boding inches the second of the second
- 57 MACSOS 0809152 JULGE
- 58 MAGS CO CZILILIZ II TVĆI;
- 59 CINCPAG 1923092 Decál
- 60 MAGSCO 26%CC5Z Scotti
- 61 MAGSOG 1508007 December





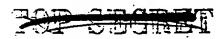


THE PROPERTY.

VVI. FOR A MID MY 2 DEFICE OF DE

requested firm decision on chapted than of FTF ? and FTF ? in view of entages distinuity that in providing emply each maintenance support. Officer in Charge, United the commended FTFs 1 and 2 be used in thick had occurrity patrol, limited to operational training mischars in which had so concurred, and that the course of FTFs 1 and 2 transferred to not FTFs at 13

63 OTHE, HAD law CC15 of 7 Sep 1964/MCSCS 140735% Dec68





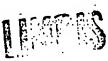


11-22



IX. TT LEASE

- 1. In Outober 1964, MACT G stated that the time was not pape to lease PTFs to the Government of Vietness, although 5 D indicated softer to 34A operations, PTFs should be leased.
- 2. CDNCinC emphasized the mood for MACSON to complete the PTF leases.
- 3. COMUNIACY indicated lease discussions had progressed to point where CINOPAN legal assistance was required. 66





⁶⁵ MACSON CONTURN Cottle

⁶⁶ MACSOS 150807% Dec64

V-1 to V-9 (apays)

.

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200 % CLEANI ATTUM AND SUBDISCIPE

1. The Intelligence branch and femmed in Herch 1966, which the arrival. In SON of the criginal Chief of Intelligence, on his Perce Licrosuses Col. 17. In early April the three sections were formed and manuscript with a nucleus of three PCS and TDY parsonnel. Accomplishments of the sections were as Indiana.

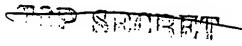
a. Collections Section:

(1) Basic materials utilized by the branch were provided by the Collections Section. To this end, daily trips were made to J-2 Collections, J-2 Intelligence Library, Recommissance and Photo Intelligence, and CIIC elements of the J-2 Staff, Headquarters, INCV. A smooth Libison was developed with the various sections of MACV J-2. In return SCC Intelligence provided J-1 LACV with information on Naval Order of Battle, Radar Order of Battle, AAA Order of Battle and military installations within the DRT and Inco.

(2) Photo recommissance support was provided by the serious of section of appetial account to the forest was requisited from Arriest almostone of schooled further lands and obtained from USARPAC.

(3) Contain intelligence vollocules operations was referred.

W. wisse, only with







prices, retioning, education, public health, religion, memorica, diving conditions, travel restrictions, transportation, perconnel decommendation, voting, radio brendessts, firances, fishing, sity plane, reactions to 000 operations and militia and military organizations.

be the most extensive and valuable sociological information to come from the DAV in several years and it received wide dissemination for the use of the intelligence community.

b. Targets Section:

→ •62 = 5

- (1) The basic targets assigned to SON wars propared by SN Mir Division and turned over to SON Intelligence. In June 1966, the Taygets Section started producing detailed photo intelligence reports (DFIN's).

 This program, by the end of December 1966, had produced some 50 plus new completed target reports. DFIR's included analyses and measurements of target areas and available beaches, terrain conditions and alinear and tions. Also an analysis of enemy Ground Order of Datable and communication.
- (2) In August 1966, the section devices a terment remission system to accomments the unique requirements levied on the section flow system has divisions that catalog targets consisting of a one building complex holding over one hundred structures. It, therefore, provided a catalog not listed in the USAF Bembing Encyclopedia or any other reference publication.

TAN BUCKEY

ivi will VI=2







During the remainder of FI 60, the major problem encountered in logistics support was that of obtaining adequate planning factions and financial guidance for developing operational support and budget plans for FI 65.





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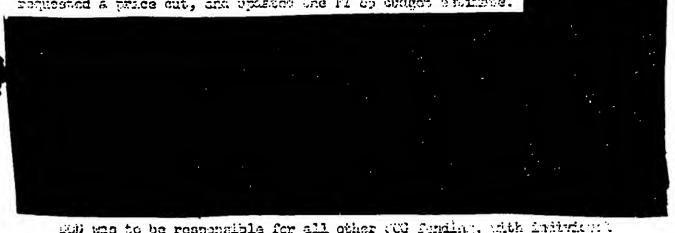
VIIai



LOW BOY COURT

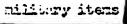
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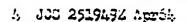
on 10 June 1964, JOS established further responsibilities and observed, requested a price cut, and updated the FY 65 budget estimate.



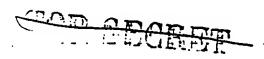
ed) was to be responsible for all other CCC fending, with individual services familing for TDT for their our personnel, Unit luming for 125 (Duck Hock) sinceraft suggestion

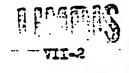
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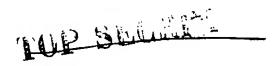
- 5 MAGEOG Cite 367% dated 8 May 196%
- 6 JCC 1021512 June4







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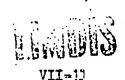


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- L. C. CV mean. Creer Mic-Ch wice. M. Fobra by this word in this provided basic logistic guidance to rebout site with all because if the constant statement of the management of the constant the constant theory is a follows:
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- b, Joint Lagistics and Fersonsel Fellow Carde FULC Production
 Bo. 3) (3)
 - c. UNIO..O Instruction COACCO.ID (6)
 - 4. U.M. Justruction JA50,1004 (U)
- e. Letter, JIHU. C., Pubj: Terms of Reference for F.C. 1 AD. Vistoms dated 7 prik 1962 (C)
- 2. Appendices which set forth the policy and processors in greater detail were listed as follows:

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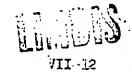


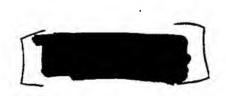




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TAD I (Helicopter Operations in Support of 373/515)

DF dated 4 August 1964

SUBJ: Helicopter Operations in Support of SOC

TO: Chief, SOG FROM: Chief, Ops

l. References:

a. MACV letter, Subject: Operational Planning, Vietnam, dated 25 Harch 1964, included operations involving helicopter infiltration of airborne operation teams into southern areas of DRV. (TAB A).

b. CINCPAC letter, Serial CCOllig, Subject: Operational Planning, Vietnam, dated 18 April 1964, recommends against helicopter infiltration into ERV, stating that VNAF helicopters crews are not capable of conducting operations even in RVM without US assistance. (TAB B).



?. Purpose: To initiate action within MACY/RYWAF to develop a capability for helicopter infiltration of DRV prior to submitting a replace. to references 1b and c.

3. Discussion:

daily conducting operations in RTM without direct US assistance. Some of these operations have approximated contemplated SCG control in 1961 and 1962, RVNAF H34's delivered mimorous Special Forces teams into isolated

arens of Laos. UNF advisors feel that with additional training in night operations, the RVMAF HM crews can conduct infiltration operations into DRV as envisaged by the SCD within the Phase II time frame.

- b. It is within RVNAF/MACV prerogatives to develop a night operational capability on the part of selected RVMAF H3h crews. This capability can be exploited for perations within RVN as well as in support of Simple perations. In fact, training for night operations into Viet Cong base areas should be the stated purpose of the proposed activity.
- c. Once the capability is developed, MACV can reclama the objections to helicopter infiltration and again propose that such operations be conducted. At present SCG has the following concept for helicopter infiltration:
- (1) Targets: and an infiltration route from the Viet Cong training center at
- (2) Infiltration/Exfiltration: Overflight of Laos is required.

 Teams can be landed or deployed by let down (winch or rappel) into the jungle. In the case of After refueling of the mission helicowers, the escort helicopters return to RVV with the
- (3) Operations: Both hit-and-run and in-phace team operations are possible. Heliconters may be also used to deliver delay or anti-

pathfinder term.

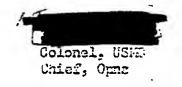


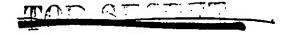
- attached to the SSS during the training period. This we want coordination, joint development of operational techniques and procedures, and permit concurrent training of SSS operational techniques nel. It would also facilitate SOC control of the activity.
- e. If the above proposal is approved, SCG would require temporary attachment of qualified US H34 instructors during the training period.
- handled on a face-toface basis between Chief, SCC and Chief, SES, the originally recommended letter could serve as a talking paper in such a discussion. Additional support for the recommendation is the success which VN Special Forces enjoyed in the recent exfiltration of team; from Laose USOF personnel working on the project stated that helicopter crew performance was exceptionally high, and that at least six crews were capable, with additional training, of flying night infiltration and emillipration missions.

h. Recommendation:

- a. That Chief, SC personally recommend to Chief, STS what who JCS be approached on the subject of developing a might holicopeer cannothing to support SOC perations do MV.
- b. That the attached paper form the basis of discussion in presenting the recommendation.

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TAB L (Explanations) to Airborne Operations Section Historical Surmary



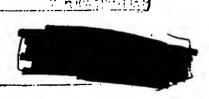
1. Sky conditions:

- a. Clear: He clouds or just a few small puffs.
- b. Scattered: Less than half the sky covered.
- ca Broken: More than half covered but not completely covered.
- d. Overcast: All sky is covered, or only a few small openings.
- 2. Cloud base height: Estimate height of bottom of cloud by com-
- 3. Visibility: Estimate by how far you can see; check map for distance to most distant object seen.
 - 4. Restrictions to visibility:
 - a. Haze: Dust particles suspended in the sir.
 - b. Fog: Water droplets suspended in the siz.
 - 5. Wind speed (estimates):
- a. Less than I Km/hr: Wind not felt on face, smoke goes straight up.
 - b. 1-5 Km/hr: Wind felt on face, leaves and small tudge mustle.
- c. 5-16 Km/hr: Leaves and small tudgs in constant motion; amall branches move.
- d. 17-30 Km/hr: Large branches and small trees sway, leaves are blown about. Smoke is parallel with ground.



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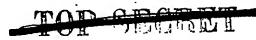
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TAB M (Sergeant to Airborne Operations Section : ilstorical Summary

the Assistant Security Batterion Advisor and Camp Intelligence Advisor, was killed in action at 1030, 16 November 1964. Portions of the security battalion were conducting a search and clear The unit was moving forward in approximately operation west of 20-man groups by multiple columns. Sergeant proup received automatic weapons fire when crossing a gully in an area known as "Viet Cong was mortally wounded by the first burnt. stronghold% Sergeant In the ensuing engagement Sergean as wounded in the shoulder. The Viet Cong were entrenched in a system of spider holes and interlocking trenches. The effects of an off shore typhoon caused svacuation by the pilot, did helicopter to be extremely hazardous. a most skillful job in spite of the high winds and low ceiling. POW report indicated that the Viet Cong sustained 11 KIA and 21 WIA as a result of the engagement and ensuing 4.2 Mi morter fire. Sergeen -udseng esk mously awarded the Bronse Star.

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E. Tikon to no introduce magnetic many are contain operations or is to:

(1) As obscaly as possible approximate actual on these include flying time.



(2) Fronde recurring to armed operations (2)

local and breaking up our horotoxore consistent published of authority during light of mean periods only.

h. Comments are requestable detended for these operations will depend upon availability of aircraft.

Lucol, Ind Chief, ibn Ops

IX-O-E

WHEN THE THE PARK

TAB P (h.5 Inch Rocket) to Airborns Operations Section Historical Summary

la Momenclatura:

- a. Rocket HE comp B 4.5 inch Ti6045 without func.
- b. Fuze MD MOLAI (quick and delay), VT 1402Al.
- 2. Electrically fired; he pands: He (quick) and delay mass, more fuse. Hange 8h00 yards.

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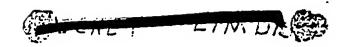


TABLE OF CONSENSE

ANNEX N - Special Corrations.

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THE COUNT

ADMINISTRATION

1-1 2 1-2

TAB A - January 1965 Organization

TAB B - Deceluse 1985 Organization

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TAB C - Key Officers

X-0-2 & 1-0-2

TAB D - List of casualties

1-11-1

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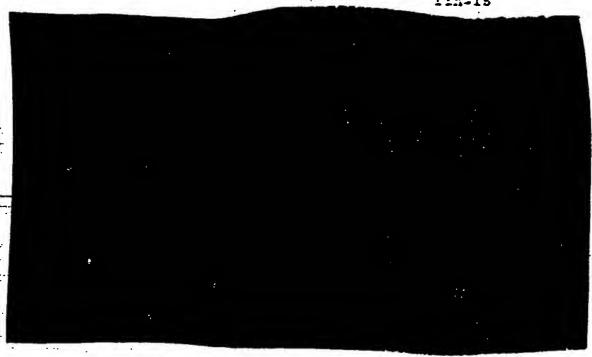
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IIB

_ SHINING BRASS

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(4) The introduct orginish suppose for 300 usive resulted in the introduct of single tens to the U-723a. The C+123a stew a forst of 3,047 house, and alright; SSS tons of equipment.

d, Martine:

The Covers book and Linding Heam agreetions we securiored against the coast of Month Victors to interdice entity coasted shipping, depends pair more for interrogations and perthological employees organization, and to force Month Victors to increase the coasted detension.

(a) Six Massy Class PYFG (Pabrol Torpado Boatz, Fast) and three SWAFF beats were available at US Nava: Advisory Determent (USHAD) at the beginning of the year. Four more PTFs were assigned during the year to make a total of ten. However, six PTFs and the SWAFTS wave normally all that were available for operations at any one time. This was due to the necessity for overhead or repair which resulted from the empladed temps and scope of operations.

edvilian, and restly and in a constant state of training throughout the year.

ducted during 1965. One man was filled in action, eighteen tere wounded in action, and one PFF was lost.

e. Paschological:

3. (TS) Intelligence:

SOG intelligence operations expanded during the year as

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PAGE 2 OF 3 PAGES

(C) Plans;

With increased tempo-of operations and the antigenest of JUWIF mission and other long range plant, the need for a section to perform long range and contingency planting became apparent. A plant section set anticated by thange \$1 to the ECG TO on T August and staffed as personnel became available.

5. (S) Logistics:

n. SCC logistical functions maintained page with coastrcally inducated operations during 1985. While the major support offers was primarily routing in mature, considerable princity nections were required.



and delays have been encountered because of lack of control ever shipping.

c. Another enjor factor affecting logistics was the advent of the Shining Brass program. This program, implemented in an expeditious manner on relatively short notice, placed a serious load on the entire logistics capability.

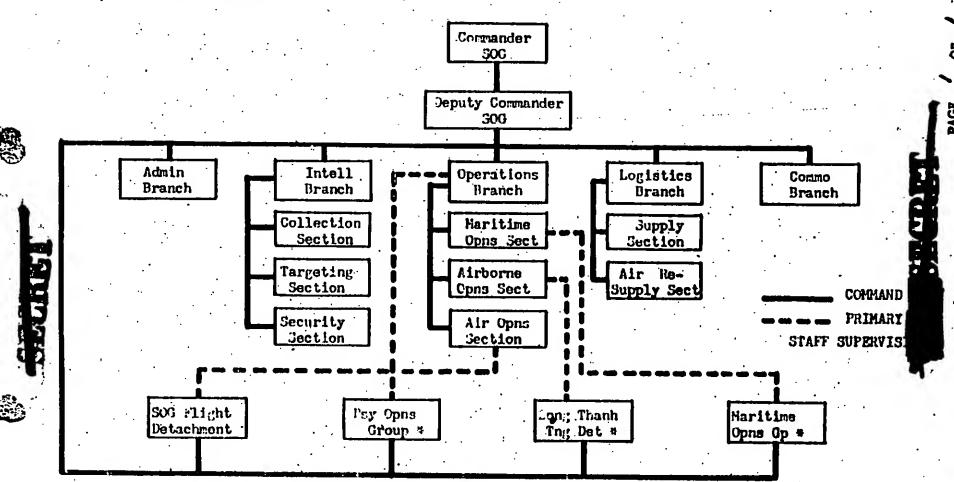
Appendix 1 - 1965 SCG Historical Summary

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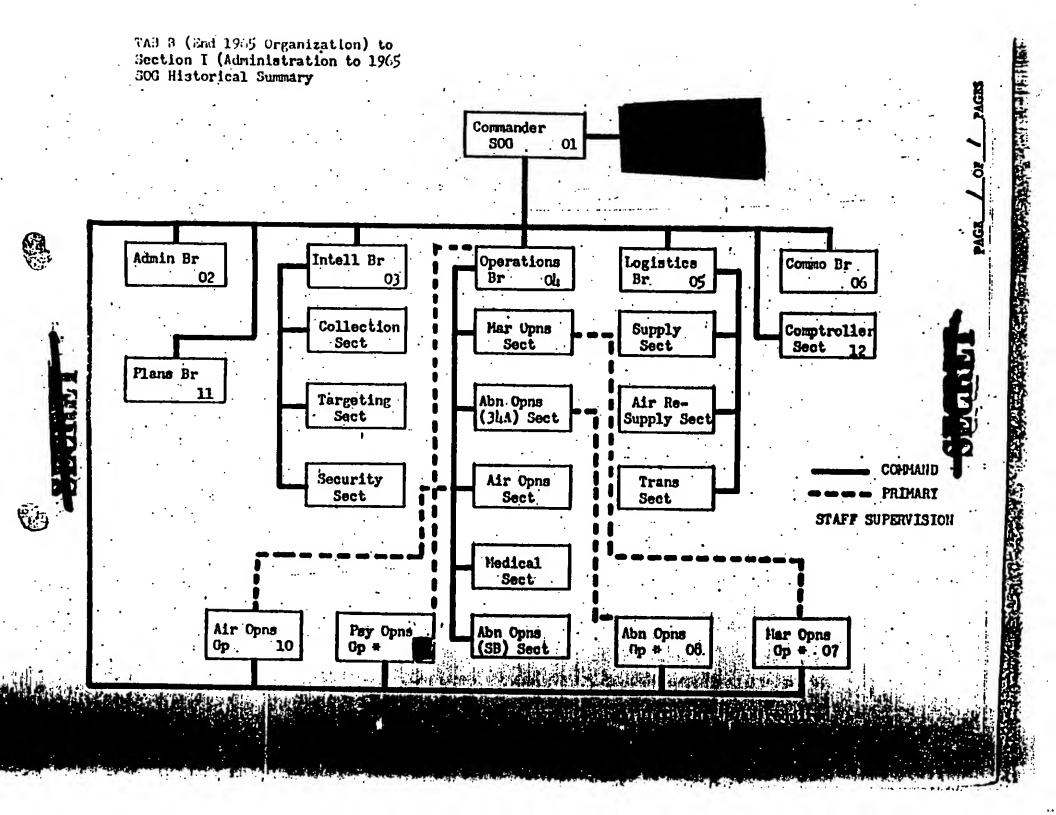
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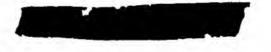
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* Augmented by TDY/TDY ITT's as required



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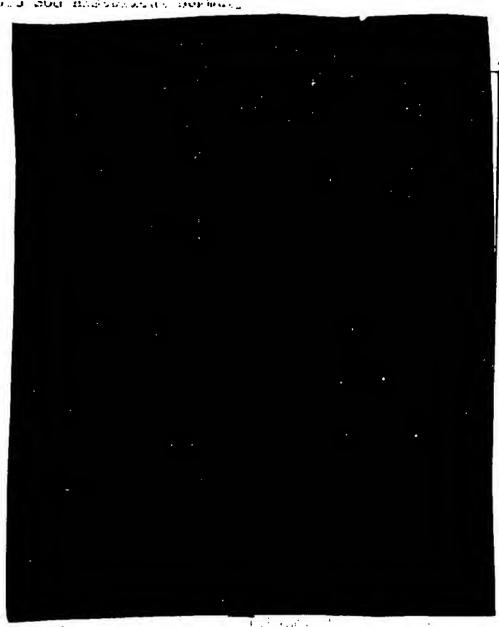


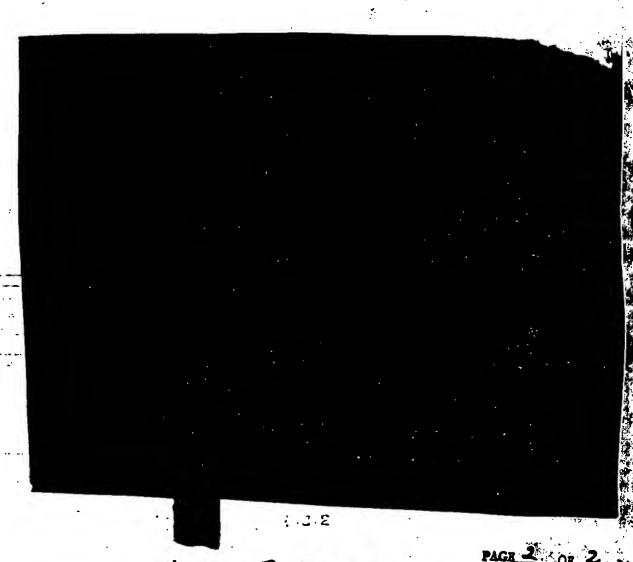
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- Chief Abn Opne/Section
- Chief AIROPS Section



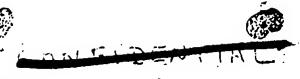


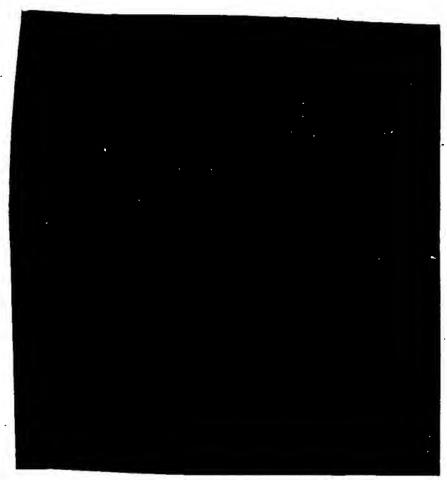
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29. TAB D (List of Creatbles to Section I (Administration) of 1965 SGG Eleteries & Springs

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PAGE / OF / PAGES

CONFIDENTIAL

ADMEA N (Special Operations) to WACV 1965 Command History

Thus amon sommations the motivities of the Studies and Observations Group (SOC), Eq. Military Assistance Command, Viotem (MACV) during the calendar year of 1985. Details of these activities are described in the appendix to this acust.

la (TE) Genevali

a, in general, during 1965 SOG continent and intermilled its program of harmsmean, diversion, political pressure capture of prisoners, physical destruction, propaganda, and acquisition of intelligence against North Vietnam.



- 2. (ES) Operations:
 - a. Airbornes
- (1) Exaction of small descritions, discription of lines of communication (LOC), and limited psychological warfare operations continued to be performed by indigences personnel of varying ethnic origins. With the advent of US banking of North Vietnam, the satisfied contacts with the legal population to breaden the intelligence have for possible future exploitation.
 - b. Cross-border (Shining Brass):



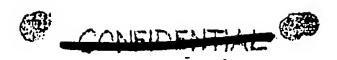
c. Air:

(1) Covert reinforcement and resupply of in-place teams were conducted by fixed wing C-123 sireraft during the year. A total of 22 successful missions were flown.

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2. (6) Organization

- a. On 1 framery 1965 200 began operating number the 300 of 1 feature 1965 with the earthorized directly of 63 as in the 2 married ordinary 1965 at the case of 67 enlighed wear.
- b. On i filt 1985 200 began upsending under a sea of i duly 1985 200 began upsending under a sea of i duly 1985 2000 reache of the number manual realist equipment of this gave 200 an analyticeral correspond to officeral 2 marcons officers, if simultana and 48 selbers and 2000 analy
- c. On 7 sugard 1983 Change white the Tilly 1888 300 year interferent and expressed, the expectivent thanges were ablitude of an interviewe Officer and an addition of the Plans Brain This increased 800 sucherized arrenges to 73 additions, 2 turners officers, 11 sixilians and 75 entitled son.
- d. Or 29 September 1965 Charge #2 to the 1 July 1965 FTD was submitted and approved. This charge pertained to each section of the SOC however, the most significant charges serve
- airbarae operations (Grade 6-6) to coordinate and supervise Shining Brake activities.
- to provide command liminon with the counterpart organization, Strategic Technical Service (STS) of the Army of Vietnam (ARVA).
- clerk position to E-9. Ellaj, and
- (4) The addition of a civilian personnel officer (Grade W-2) to administer employment of local outlousle, primarily in support of sirborne operations, both 34A and Shining Brass.
- e. On 15 October 1965 CIRPAC published a new JID. This charged SOG authorized strength to 86 officers. 2 warmant officers, 15 civilians and 114 enlisted men.



PAGE / OF 2- PAGE

i. SCS message 9529 DTG 2521112 two St approved constitution with a stronger on the confidence and for stronger on the officers and for stronger on the religious and for some religions of the original provides and the original for space (Paralla in the original for space (Paralla in the original for the origina

g. Ch. little directed by mossage bit 2000 by to 63 that a direct Reson Sections be established with a section of one officer and 3 calinter mem. This furname increased with SOG authorized strength to 39 officers. I secural of the established nem.

h. The dinnerty and and 1965 degandmerters are

3. [U: Persocnal;

a. Tab C is a list of SOG has communicate and south

b. During CV 65 SOG suffered 1 MA. 7 and 2 may. Dattle deaths and 7 medical evapuees. See The D.

TABS:

- A January 1965 Organization
- B.- End 1965 Organization
- C List of Key Officers
- D List of Casualties

I - 2



SECTION AT - OPERATIONS

1. (2) This section deals with operations under the inliquing subneedings:

II A - Adranens

II B - Shining Brass



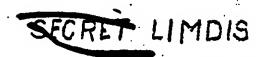
il C - nit Operations

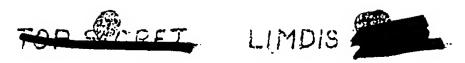
II D - Marieima

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2. (C) Although not exclusively deveted to Althorne training (34A), the flower Long Thank Historical Summary has been included as Tab D to Section II A.

II - 1

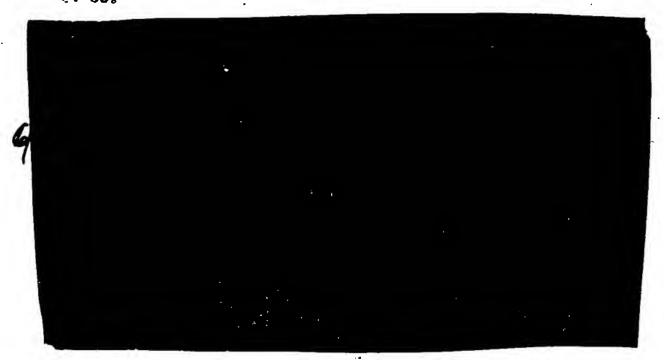




SECUTOR TEA - APRRORME OPERATIONS

1. (TE) PLANNING AND POLICY:

a. A general reorganization of greated operations in NYM eventuated from a restless of nearly proposed councers and interpetables. This couples expenses the NY LAVIST COUNTY PROPERTY OF A Significant policy/planning markers which occurred during



(3) CIMCPAC mag DTG 110236Z Jun, a retransmixsion of a DIA massage, emphasized to SOG the inadequacy of
the intelligence data base concerning the infiltration of
personnel and material into RVM, and presented a requirement
for increased roudwaten and serial reconnaissance coverage,
with the paid
position on this present that the readwaten and
NVM were inseparable, constituting one collection effort with
SOG having primary responsibility with the A detailed reevaluation of the original EWOTS concept was undertaken in

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Year of possible improvement in infiltravior techniques, buses and capability,

Constant Exert and the proposed that confidence in constant series of proposed that confidence in areas of previous to understance as a matter of previous refractions. Solder of the Research the research that substitute and provide the publication of the Research that the research that the research the research that the research th

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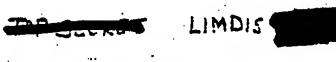


c. Waliborns Infiltration Concept:

- (1) MACSCO may DIG 070115Z Jun recommended that heliborne and/or overhead infiltration by consideror team employment in selected areas in NVN.
- (2) CINCPAC mag DTG 0903352 Jun stated that it had previously concurred to JCS with use of the helicopyer against NVN providing aircraft and cross were sumitized, but requested at this time a defailed and scordinated plan for employment of teams against selected routes in NVN.



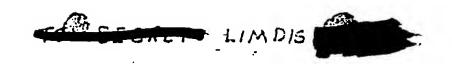
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SECTION IIB SHINING BRASS (CROSS BORDER) OPERATIONS

(TS) Summary of Operations:

Background. Initial Cross-Border operations into Laos were entitled "LEAPING LENA" and were comprised of US 5th Special Forces and ARVN personnel. LEAPING LENA operations were conducted with parachute drops of indiggnous personnel only in Laos. These operations proved to be unsuccessful for numerous reasons; the absence of US advisor personnel was one of the main defects. On 7 March 1965 COMUSMACY transfered the responsibility for Cross-Border (Laos) to SCG and the program was designated SHINING SHINING BRASS operations were operations directed against VC bases and infiltration routes within Laos, designed to initiate a series of graduated pressures against selected targets and LOC by conducting air strikes and ground operations. During the Spring and Summer months of 1965 continuous planning and coordination was conducted in preparation for the upcoming combined US/VN Cross-Border operations. This preparation consisted of the finalization of the convept of operations and the continuation of an intensified training program for the US/VN reconnaissance Phase I was authorized for execution on 29 September 1965.

b. Present Concept of Operations:

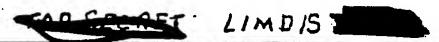
(1) Phase I operations west of the Dak Prou an and Dak To areas to a maximum depth of 20 km from the SYN/Laos border in two operational areas. Intelligence collection, locating and validating targets, and direction of airstrikes is accomplished by

copters to move to an LZ near the border. Subsequent resupply and evacuation of teams or replacement and addition of specialist personnel by air is authorized.

- (2) Phase II operations visualize the exploitation of targets by raiding forces and by ever expanding ground probes of appropriately sized forces.
- (3) Phase III operations will consist of increased ground/air raid activity and the development of guerrilla forces.

IIB-l

PAGE OF 4 PAGE



v. Tenining Activities:

- (1) Recon teams are formed, equipped, and occurs initial training at Camp Long Thanh, located 3) wiles cast of Saigon. Advanced training in conducted at the Khan Due Forward Operational Ease (FOF) and neams execute in-country training missions from those paids to collected an exercises. The in-country missions are conducted in the same manner as cross-border operations.
- (2) Exploitation forces are formed and equipped at Camp Long Thanh and subsequently ministed to Kham Due for basic, advanced, and basic unit training.
- d. Reconnaissance team operations conducted from and formular the remainder or calendar year leve are us outlined below:
- (1) SEPTEMBER: Two in-country training missions were launched for the two-fold purpose of confirming enspected enemy targets while simultaneously providing advanced training prior to employment on cross-border operations.
- (2) CCTOBER: One in-country training mission was conducted resulting in the successful direction of a friendly airstrike completely destroying 6: 3 buildings within the target area. Recon team rade contact with the enemy and suffered 1 KIA.

(3) NOVEMBER:

(a) A SHINING BRASE operation was conducted on 2 November 1965 to Target ALFHA-1 (YB 834937) resulting in the confirmation of enemy activities and installations.

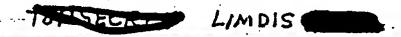
(h) Two in-country training missions were conducted resulting in negative enemy contact; however, the teams were able to detect evidence that previous enemy activity had occurred within the target areas. A third training mission was aborted due to intensified enemy activity within the Landing Zone area.

(4) DECEMBER!

(a) On 6 December 1965 one SMINING SHASS recon team infiltrated to Target KILO-1 (YC 703034), Year

I IB-2

PAGE 2 OF 4 PAGES



was attacked by enemy force of andstermined size and later were exfiltrated. Two tricudly VN members are MIA from this action.

- (b) SHINING BRASS recon team taunched on 9 December 1965 to Target INDIA-1 (YC 666104). Team wade enemy contact resulting in one friendly VN team member KIA and one US member lightly WIA,
- (c) On 16 December 1965 SHINING BRASS operation conducted to Target CHARLIE-1 (YB 678344). Feam confirmed that target was of importance to the enemy.
- (5) On 19 December 1965 SHINING BRASS operation conducted in the area of Target HOTEL-1 (YE 693290). Negative enemy contact or observation.
 - s. Operations/Airstrikes list:

See Tab A.

- f. Proposed concept of modified Phase I operations submitted on 8 January 1966 to CINCPAC includes the following:
- (1) Increasing the number of recon teams to 20 with 3 US members in each and recrienting recon teams to locate enemy weaknesses and suitable targets for raids and ambushes as well as air targets.
- (2) Formation of 3 battalior sized ground or airmobile exploitation forces to be directed against weak points. Raids against installations, ambush of supply vehicles and carrying parties, and trail mining operations to add to enemy logistical burdens caused by airstrikes.
- (3) Limit penetrations to present authorized 20 km, but extending area of operations to that of "TIGERHOUND" air operations making both operations mutually supporting.
- (4) Conducting operations from 3 Forward . Operational Bases located at Kontum, Kham Duc, and Khe Sanh.
 - 2. (TS) Facility Improvement: Present facilities include a Command and Control Center at Danang operated by a modified SF C detachment and two Forward Operational

IIB-3

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Mases located at Kham Duc and Dak To operated by a modified S: B detachment. Planned expansion envisaged the FOB at Dak To being moved to Kontum where security and case of operations will be enhanced, and the establishing of a third FOB, possibly at the Sanh, to be used for operations in the northern areas. All FOB's to be operated by modified SF B detachments.

FAGE 4 OF 4 PAGES

TAB A (AIRSTRIKES) TO SECTION IIB (SHINING BRASS) TO 1965 SOG HISTORICAL SUMMARY SHINING BRASS OPERATIONS/AIRSTRIKES

						•
RECON TEAM	TARGET	DATI THEFT	e Exfil	SORTIES DATE	NUMBER	BOMB DAMAGE ASSESSMENT
OWA	TANGO-3 YC729083	8 OCT 65	10 OCT 65	10 OCT 65	4	8 bldgs dest, 3 huts and numerous shees dest
AWOZ.	DELTA-1 YC598258	18 OCT 65	23 OCT 65	1 NOV 65	37	Numerous seed expl
VFASKA	ALFA-1	2 NOV 65	3 NOV 65	3 NOV 65	2 .	Not reported
14				3 NOV 65	3	l bridge dost, 6 bldgs dest, 2 bldgs dam, 2 seed expl
10	•		, j	4 NOV 65	12	Not reported
Is wais				5 NOV 65	53	30 struc dest, 18 struc dam, 2 caves dest, 4 emplacements dest, 8 secd expl
				10&11 NOV 65	18	Not reported
Kansa s	KILO-1	6 DEC 65	11/13 DEC 65		0 .	
IDAHO	IND TA-1	9 DEC 65	10 DEC 65		0	

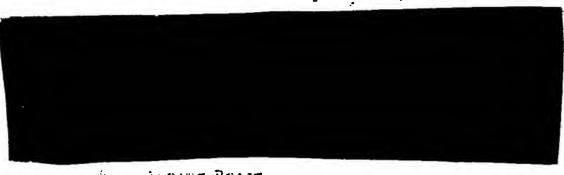
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encou Plan	TARGET	ENVIL DATE	EXEAL	SORTEZS DATE	Numer	DOND DAMACE ANGRESS
ARCHAG	CHARLEE-1	is due as	AS DEC 05	36 DEC 65	UNK	HOMB DAMAGE ASSESSMENT COR
LASID	19673364	•		31 DM 95	1.0	10cf dast
THE MARKS		49 0BC 55	22 DF4 65	30 DEC 65	むれ名	Bridge dest
	x5993290			37 DMC 65	10	I struc dest
	Edhora			30 DEC 65	UNK	6 struc dest, 1 large
S/0	¥2083326	,		33. DEC 65	G .	1 struc dest
E			,	•		

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(3 pers)



Sandag Brass

Brass operations of the bistory. Air operations supported the Shining Brass mission by operating six VIAN 5-34 helicopters and S VIAN cross. A linked officer and kept of the Comman and Control Contex, Daning Air Base. to supervise operation of the belicopters, where maintenance and cross ecoching. He also perved as the primary contact for logistics and lift.

is the primary office responsible for scheduling direction against turgets validated by Shining Brans recommissance teams.

(2) The beliacptor is best suited to Chiling Brass operations. SOC used VMAF H-34's during the period. Because of the shortage of crews and discretif in has been different to obtain the needed resources. When they are procured it withdraws from the assets of the Corps areas. SOC is preparing a study to justify the assignment of a higher performance. It's longer range, greater payload capability and assignment under direct control of SOC would give the required capability to carry out the SOC mission.

Brace mission was launched. One The first Shining Brace mission was launched. One The State on board. That aircrew sembors and one US Army Captain on board. Additionally, a Figure Captain Wade Sieson, USMC, sasigned to EacSit, was lost. Captain Wade Sieson, USMC, sasigned to EacSit, was in the O-1 which was flown by a USAF Hajor. The princip cause factor for both aircraft losses was bac weather in the Eham Duc and Danning area. Neither aircraft were located nor was any further information attribute. On where they may have creshed.

IIC-3



(4) to eddition to tablical adellist obgets by VRAZ W-2dis and Augistias support by SAM C-11214 the USAF provides ferrere air commeller support unug 0 d'a instickly, two FAC's singed ar forward operating onces (1903) at flime Due. Tale To on Montan, is appropriated. They semained to the S.P. bedding the day shea tooks some infall. ivered and made the equitod findle contacts and paring in sirutriken raen se eseki. In December 1995 e sek noti iirg Laned hav. ii kas - egilledi i istiga a in stay of the engineer or exposurement attended in and already are now easigned to the 100 and gave discove support constantly to Shining Brass. An Airborne Comment Post remains within appropriations range of the TAN's and Sublains Deceasy agreeved for alrestrices in a francion of ibs time proviously acquired.

e. Logis des Airlides

With unitiation of Shining Brasm operations wirlist of supplies and pastengers became "big
business" for SCG. A construction progress at Shen Las to
build billate a mass and obta, was initiated. In addition
personnel had to be transported between the training and
staging bases at Comp Long Thanh, Dannez and the FOB's,
At year and SCG was moving three times as such cargo per
Bouth as it had before Shining Brass operations commerced.

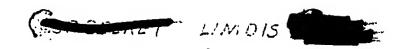
populations started. To direct the management of this expanded sirlift requirement a special SOG directive was published as EACSCG Directive 700-1, December 1965.

Three VMAF crews were CONUS trained. One was never used because of its political instability; another was lost operationally; the third has been completely insifective since May 1985 due to duty not involving flying (DHIT) of the copilot. Two WMAF crews are scheduled for CONUS training starting 12 January 1966

ment copilet for THAY crea V-2 and train him in-country.

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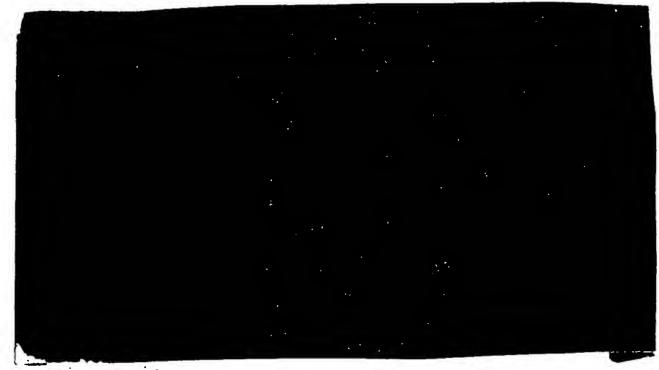


b. Char postern at year fat was:



12: One TWAF creat non-rounce randy, with copiler DELF infratalitely.

ing starting to industry 1986 for 38 needs.



d. Because of the critical shortage of aircross. SOG requested CINCPAC. by message MACSCG 20977, 2 August 1965, to provide training input dates for additional VNAT aircrows. CINCPAC approved the request and passes action to CINCPACAS. At year end two VNAF cross were processed and ready for travel to the CONUS in lanuary 1966. Negotiations were underway to obtain two more

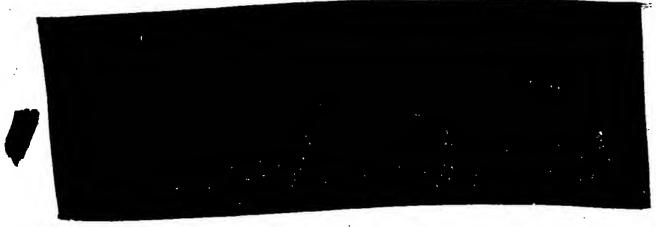


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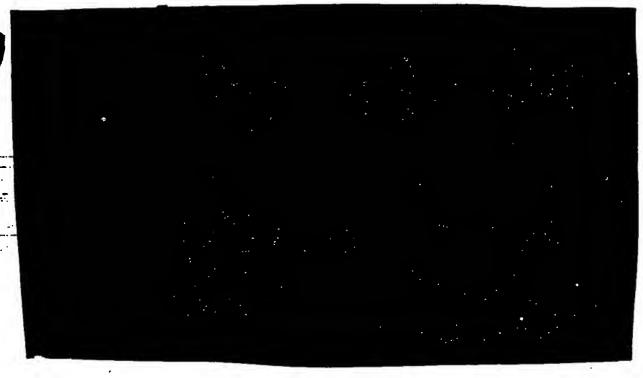
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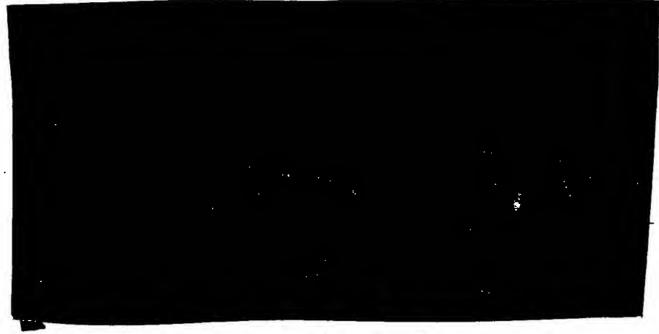
4-433 Whistoy Alaba fas engaged in the lion of Man Crony its Base. Vietnam, to Goigen, beset on intelligence that an arabak by Tree Cong on the France file Base ver strongs. suspected. As a pull was on a YEB operational elements. Craw establizios communicacions oso relas concues with Salgon approach control and was reproduct to tital approach course for prediction refer approach to coursy 25. He set lost on the rades loops is alles out. Invastigation is: realed sixerally was hit by an estimated 20 to 50 rounce of 20mm ground to the Kines. The theorem caught fire an the right wing, subered a mover right spiralling turn and erashed. It contacted the ground in a 45-58 degree none low attitude in a 20-25 degree right bank,



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プランス・グラールをはたができる。 おりに、マンドドデッドスとの目的は



Tas C-123 algered support provided by the VNAP (Crew Y-2) wor the year. Accordingly - no cases not seem a letter on 20 May 1985 to Maj General Rowland, Chief Atr Force Advisory Group, asking his support in assigning crew V-2 full time to the 1st Tlight Detachment at Nea. Trung and physically locating them theme. It was explained that SOG could be longer live with dual and split leadership of Major Cueng directing the TYAN error from Snigon and the 1st Flight Detachment programming them tactical missions and training support. On 30 October 1965 a Letter to Brig General the Van Vien, Chief of the Joint General Staff, was sent by Chief of Staff, MACY. This letter re-emphasized the probloms previously stated and auked that V-2 be in place at Mba Trang 5 days before and during the entire moon period. It was further stated that future ereas trained must be permanently assigned to the 1st Flight Detuchment, Wha Trang. General Vien replied that Headquarters, Vietnam Air Force, had been authorized direct coordination with SOG to organize a meeting designed to solve obstacles pointed out by SOG and requested that SOG be directed to contact Hendquarters, Vietnam Air Force, to discuss problems. On 18 December 1965 the pasting was held, Principals were Colonel Brannon, Air Force Advisory Group; Lt Colone: Ucc. Vietnem Air Force Many minor problem areas were discussed and the rollowing tentative agreements were reached:

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- (1) The VNAF 83rd Tactical Group would be activated soon and operations will be managed thru a special section of the Tactical Air Control Center (TACT).
- (2) The 83rd Tactical Group, 80G, and Project Delta will be represented by air lisison officers in the TACC.
- (3) It was agreed by the YNAF that alrereds could be located with the alreraft, i.e., C-123 crows at Nha Trang.
- (4) The 83rd Tactical Group will have its own aircraft maintenance.
- (5) Personal equipment will be normal VNAF except for special items SOG requires.
- (6) Supply support will be normal VNAF except for special Atoms SCG requires.
- (7) Supplemental pay for special duty was discussed. A standardized contract agreement was sought. Per diem and penetration pay was agreed upon, i.e., 500 Vietnam piastres per day per diem for 12 hours or more away from home station and 3000 Vietnam piastres for each border crossing into NVN. The VNAF also wanted a 30,000 Vietnam piastre recruitment bonus each 12 months with a 5000 Vietnam minimum per month. This was unacceptable to SOG and the Air Force Advisory Group. The two items were set aside by the set of taken up with deseral Ky and General Vien if he deemed appropriate.
- j. The loss of two aircress and aircraft placed a critical strain on SOG to carry out its logistical airlift tasks. Accordingly, two 2nd Air Division USAF air crews were placed on six months TDY to SOG starting about 1 October 1965. These aircress were averaging near 100 hours per month flying through 31 December 1965. A change to the manning document was being staffed in MACV to increase authorizations to include these positions.
 - 3. (TS) Aircraft Status:



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e in Askies and him that some notestand that tempen out they is 1995 and a common the the company about the com-自己, 可以自然知道 计自己数 "全好,有品的"的"经济"。 建环 Springed of the UST 645. e double the manager of the service order of processing the is commission on by budge agreeming ্ত্ৰতি উন্নয়েশ ভাতাই কাঠিকাটো চাড় উলচাই t annual largest dulin the grap to the local times has not a toll-secondary consult. In 1947 for confine model with it, analytics for anything and anything inclining tion before mid-1995. Cimpat newsage one 1320002 Mach 1860 responed the subject and requeered MACY to supply additional recommendations. MACF rangonded impadingly is #938249 #ACSOU 8820, 1710472 Naveth 1988, On 3 Auno 1988 the JUS again intermed CJETTAD saur C-130's your skuled a this time. A "C-1900 Sty Bolk Struy" was enumbered by th 27 Saptember 1865 and one reconstruct to Observe one the St. for consideration abics. Willers and 195 whenred in th posal for C-130H Sky moon anteract no be included to 31% operations. At the close of the year additional junitalisms tion to support the regulament had been substitud by CINCPAC to the JCS by Largage DEC 200216Z Desembed (968, Both CIMIPAC and JC3 rose supporting the C-130 to he allows DY-USAF-alreaded - Ind Proposaf-see bedag presented to the Secretary of Derouse for danision. A brief susually of the advantage of the C-120 orar the C-123 follows:

potential to meet Inture payload requirements. Using the 463L aerial deliver special (ADS) it can deliver three 12 fook platforms of 850k lbs each as opposed to approximately one for the C-123.

(2) Its significant higher speed dedreases speedals the exposure-time in hostile territory.

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equipment gives to the educatego of a content weeklears equipment gives to the educatego of a content for less t profile rather than newally a loss of think this set especiely. It can be operated in this for our of hims out sight that crany early through called and fire contest by the terms.

(5) It has a capacity for espansion of ECE equipment to copy which the expansion air defenses in the NEE. The C-123 has embausied its expressions county lity due to limited paylors ability.

d. Motaritheconding the improved capability of C-150's, SSS densiders the helicopy or to be the cult waspon system that can improve delicety of as inner operational team to a proceedeshed point that can be fully operational almost important.

Additional magging are planted for 186 operations in Northern Lace or NYM. The CH-3B is considered an ideal reason system for the present state of the art and a study was being presented at the end of the year to justify assignment of these halicopters to SIG for for SIA and Splants brees operations.

of a line of the deployment and been made of the deployment in early 1966. Of interest, downer is the possibility that might be made available to that unit.

Uriginally, it was planned that decrease to be part of its sireraft assets, but production is now being diverted to Vistnam. At the end of 1965 consideration was being given to requesting CINCPAC to task the Composite Air Commando Squadran to support 34A operations and to request that the unit be equipped with

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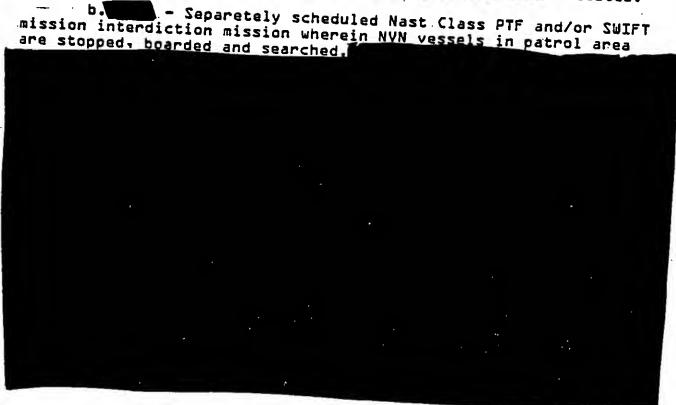
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SECTION II D - MARITIME OPERATIONS

l. {TS} SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS. The currently used code names for the various types of MAROPS mission conducted during CY 1965 will be used in this summary to facilitate brsvity. These code anames are defined as follows:

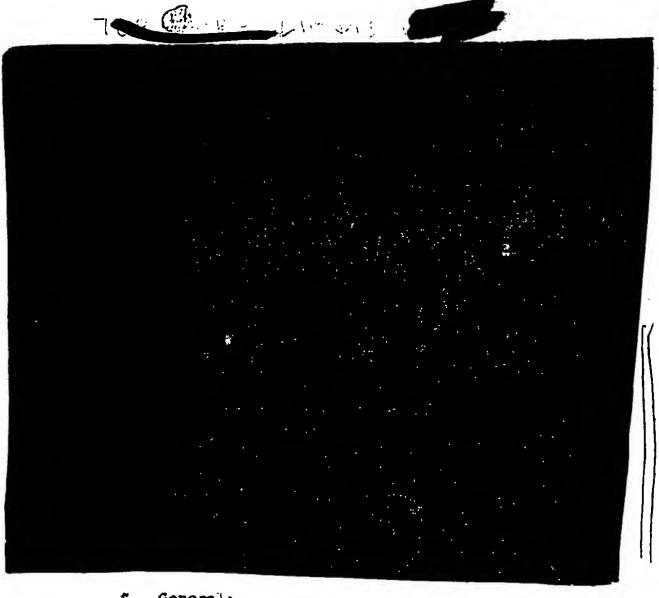
SWIFT mission wherein NVN junks and Junks and Junks are stoner destroyed or captured as tactical situation dictates.



e. Summary of operations scheduled. accomplished and

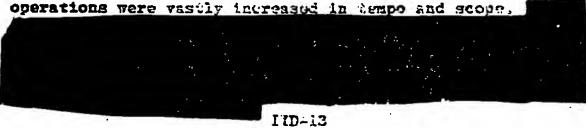
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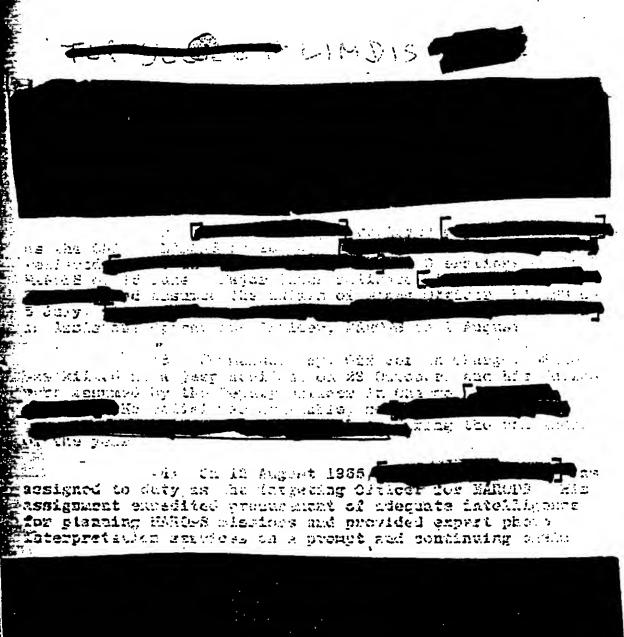


۲. General:

(1) The continually increasing readiness posture of North Vietnamese constal defense forces made . maritime operations either asborn or in close proximity to shore increasingly difficult during the year. Timely intelligence, careful brising of operational personnel and thorough planning alleviated this problem to some excent. Unacceptably high sea states regulting from unfavorable - weather and limited bout availability due to maintenance requirements also bindered operations. Nevertheless,



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- 17) The floating dryders at USHAO, in epst of all possible preventive maintenance, deteriorance to the extent that it was necessary to send it so the fall Repair Facility, Carebo, Japan on 25 August... It was a replicable and returned to USHAO on 27 October.
- (8) Planning/coordination/llaison orthorizate and visits between MASOIS and USNAD presonner occurred frequently throughout the year with a resultant discrease in proficiency, unity of purpose and effort.



1tems of bent imposed operations at limitations. Corrective action was initiated and close supervision maintained. A conference was held at CINCPAC HQ during December which was concerned with this problem area. The Chief, Operations and Chief, MAROPS from SOG, and the Assistant Training Officer, USNAD attended this conference which dealt with the following:

(a) Funding

(h) have for specific details regarding equipment characteristics or purpose, to aid R&D of certain items.

ment vice RAD. (4) Petermination of on-sheli procure-

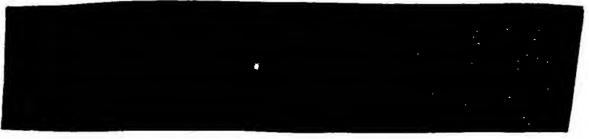
(d) Priority based on operational area,

(10) Provision of adequate logistical support of USNAD continued to be a problem; supply sources, transportation, long distances and items possible to MARCHE All being contributory tactors. SOG Logistics was cognitions of, and continually devoted its best efforts to solving thems.

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destitute Thetasuse mationals in Tose proximity of USBAC facilities and againstally received. The success of this program was such that in our places on a continuity basic.



(14) The massive in

inffingement on numb security area drusted insurarrable problems, which were doubt with se they arose,

(15)

army degree, to the Viernamese personnel of the Cousing Security Service at USNAD effective 24 September 1995:

Security Service has performed an efficient job and achieved missions behind enemy lines, inflicting heavy casualties:

- Destroying 5! military installations.
- Sinking two boats, 20 armed supply junks.

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- Willing as all and north containing 75 and along applied to the containing applied to them.
- Capturing a bug hand of wenness, maidency agramant and ammerition.

Displaying as I conflable fighting species and a sign sense of duty, the Constal Security Service has established contributed to check the expansion of reconstant of the black tion is accommonted by a gallantry mean twich as that test

2. (TS TRAINING ACTIVITIES

a. The standards of aggressiveness, professional competency, initiative and judgement which U.S. Armed Forces personnel are accustance to accepting as a matter of tours were not always are areas in our Victnamese countercasts and coerational units. Constant efforts were made to attaining problems of this acture by example, coprocrate advicery action and comman straining.

(1) Fort Grew Training. Refresher Chartening was accomplished whenever operational requirements and but availability permitted. Particular amphania was placed or Vietnamese crew post maintenance and underway repairs. It dividual and multiple best tactics and gunnery were also stressed.



3. (S) EVENT INPROVEMENT

a. Officer and enlisted quarters and messing facilities were constructed at Camp Fay, and all hands moved from their quarters in Da Nang to their new housing. This move, which was completed on 24 August was happing desirable from both security and operational readiness viewpoints, since it removed sensitive USNAD person of term the immediate proximity of Vietnamese civilians and the numerous uncleared American forces personnel, and also put

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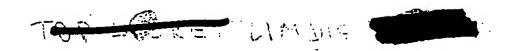
them in housing only a few minutes ride from chots dray stations. Formerly, a lengthy trap analogs a bridge and asong poorly maintained reads bad to be made so g. in the quartess to day six low.

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- b Them. Note and isolated individual constraints campo searches along Chica Break from the Chica Marble Mountain was a relationed to be a first constraint of an aback Rock Barry true constraint of was highly destroble due no tax building of American Poly sing the area, as well as advorting as opportunity for short supervision of Lanting Trams. Quarters were completed with the exception of installation of messing and saritany facilities, so the conscindation had to be delayed could this was accomplished. Estimated time of complether is sometime during safin 1966.
- c. Continual offertz were made to improve the security and confort at existing facilities. Wholese an the Command Fost were offered with concrete blocks, kerist fencing was installed, tranches and weapons emplaced every were dug in all required areas, and numerous other project were completed.

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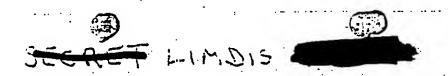
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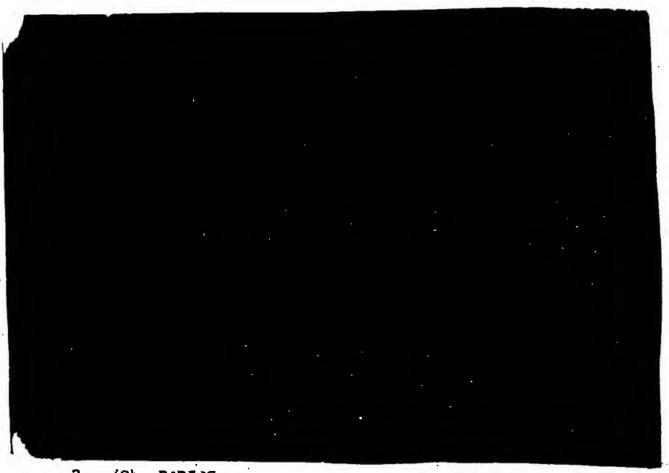
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instituted on all 80G direntits and a 80G Communications-Electronics Instruction was written to provide basic information and guidance. Standard Specation procedures were revised and re-insure.

The surging or losses on The interest as bases of unital services of problem of a services of the services of the services of the problem was a subject of the problem was a subject of the services of the se



3, (S) RADIOS

a. A SOG ESB new was established with AN/FRC-92 (RUM-2A) radios between SOG NQ, Long Thanh. Who Treng use

PAGE OF 5 PAGES

Danang in Yebruary 1865/ The net was extended to include CEC Detachment Danang upon its activation in support of Shining Brass operations 12 October 1965. The CEC Detachment Danang was also provided with an EF transmitter and EF recoivers R-590A/URR to establish a radio station base for Shining Brass operations. This equipment the action base for Shining Brass operations. This equipment are action to the communications space of the ACT and the communications space of the ACT and action to the CEC Sartions Base Enem Due such action when RE-1 CH for hack up. FCB Dak Wo was added to the ACT and December 1365 using NATURE action had an December 1365 using NATURE.

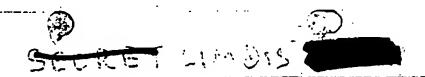
b. In support of skining D. Wes operations AM/PFLL of skins Tore sequence can install a tend for all -gradual contains the start of the skins of the skins of the skins of the equipment were available, developed an installand for their equipment which were on hand were characters for the equipment which were on hand were characters for their equipment which were on hand were characters for this equipment had not been received despite high priority requisitions and several follow-up messages. AN/PRC-64 was found to be more suitable than the RS-1 for Shining Eress operations.

c. MY-1 transceivers were obtained and issued to Shining Brass teams for air-ground communications.

d. NAD Danang reported their attempts to maintain the AN/ARC-94 (618%) equipments operating in the FTFs were meeting with little success due to lack of repair parts, instruction books and trained repair personnel for this aircraft equipment. A major factor in failures of this equipment is its apparent imbility to withstand the pounding which it takes when the PTFs are underway. Suggestions for better shock mounting or possible replacement with Navy TCS transmitters were made.

III-2

PAGE 2 OF 5 PAGES



f. Content monopole antennas installed at MAD ... Danner and Camp Long. Thank proved unsatisfactory.

g. A Br. 610 transmittor vas transferra from NAD Unnarg to Flast Phight Petabhneat Ma Trang is Judo 1905 For use in scaining and Flight following

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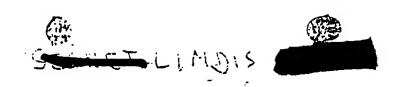


d. Throughout the year SOG communications was plagued with power failures of the generators in the MACV 2 compound. Although continuous links on was maintained

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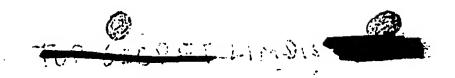


with BEAS public marks fittle relief was retlied attors now or resident at generators were not available. In Succeeder Chief 130 notified 35 of the problem thick was becoming involerable and requested BACT's assaurance. Late to December, two new 60 kW generators were added to provide power the other than SCG users which had been deading power from the generator providing power to SCG councilies calleds. However, this action still did not previous number of communications outages, when the SCG generator tailed or had to be secured for taintenance, since no reliable standay generator was available.

ashts with carbous commands to provide magniference support to SCG communication equipment, MACY do was requested in November to tast appropriate nominals to provide this support. As a result of this request, U.S. Army Vintuam tasked specific commands to provide maintenance support as SOG radio, telesypewriter and crypto equipment located at SOG Headquarters, NAD Denang, and Virt Phight becachuset. Sha Trank.



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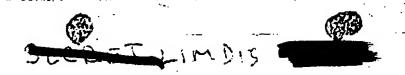
b. To represe the irrelligence to incolor with a second of the second of

on in June 1965, a sput reporting agrees that surplished to discontrate information in a process when or

- 2. (TE) Support for OPLAN 344 Operations and an impact of property deliling photo interpretation studies of selected arms for consumer and resupply drop reads, helicopter landing some, lossing road watch/amough situs, and targets of upportunity
 - a. An Intelligence Collection Plant trillered to airborne agent team intelligence gathering capitalities the prepared on 15 October 1965. Individual agent teams were tracked with specific intelligence requirements because on SICR's from COMUSMACY and higher headquarters.

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PAGE / OF 3 PAGES



SECUTION V - PLANS

1. (S) MISSION The purpose of the Pians Branch is to prepare detailed long-rouge operational and continge by plans for enecution of future asotymes or near-war can't in addition to intital properties of plans while branch a tasked with the respectabilities for apple and, resistant and re-writing salesing plans portaining to ou-going projects.

2. (U MARRING, Change No. 1 to MACHOG 176, date ? ? August 1965, authorized the following personnel for the Plans Branch

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TITLE	COUNT	MANAGE	3127757
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Plaus Officer	9087	U4	2f
Plans Officer	32162	04 <u> </u>	<u>.1</u> ·
Plans Officer	C316 .	04	41
Operations Sgi.	-11F4S		A
Clark Typist	71.B2A	24	ń.

Prior to the approved of MIS Change No 1, standing functions had been performed on an additional duty basis. In personnel of the various Branches, Sections. One office was assigned to the plane section for a three peach period (August - October) another for the months (October - house, ber) and the Operations byt. reported for full time duty the August. The Chief and try Plane Officer is expected in January 1966. The Clerk Typist cosition is the colyspane not this led or forecast.

organization, requisitioning and producing noeded supplies.
furniture, equipment, documents, publications, studies, etc.
All required higher headquarters plans and annexes are on hand and necessary supporting plans are being prepared. Of primary interest is the cublication of a COMMETTERSIA Planand the supporting JTD,

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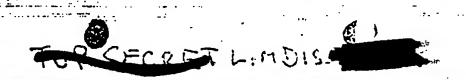
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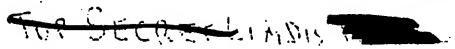
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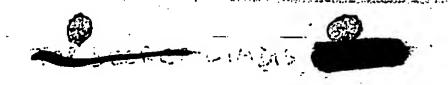




5. (U) Photo interpretation Equipment. See Department of photo interpretation requirements created. Serious showings of equipment, primarily light tables. See had, an to this point, operated with two (2) light tables. Sive (5 additional Vables had been critered in June 1933 bas, due it shipping and watches a problems, again were received until November (3 associated). The other two sets motorists in Detember, There was a showings of pureo interpretation personnel during the first and of the reporting personnel to a dequate photographic into an examination appality to support current operations.

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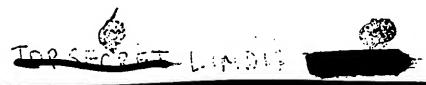
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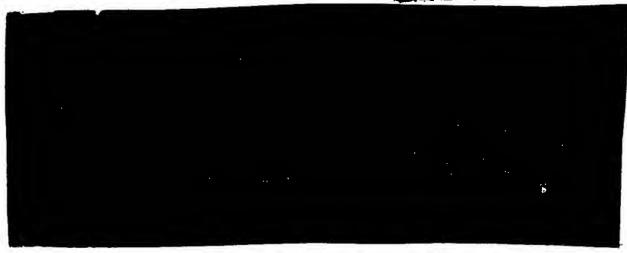
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- nately 75% during the your dus primarile de completent and bearing and Mar Prant consolidated facilities an well of building an Salgon, While the number of individual house teach lease reneral. Fearal jurgasen averaged approximate ach lease reneral. Fearal jurgasen averaged approximate.



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S. Shining Brass construction at them due was accomplished to provide facilities for the openings.

g. The relocation of Shiring Scars Command and Control Center Danning to Camp Fay. Danning issue was to progress. The new facilities include an administration and Block building as well as additions to exhaiting the EGGs and Block Completion is estimated April - Englishing dependent on materials availability.

h. Projects under way during the year but not completed include:

- (1) Additional Institution at Camp Larg Tha. E.
- (2) Replacement of electrical generators at Camp Fay.
 - (3) Rehabilitation of Min Mrang,

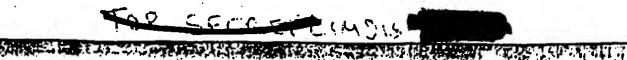
2. (S) PERSONNEL

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Distribution (JTD) was increased to provide for now requirements as well as greater depth in the numbers and types of personnel. Notable was the addition of an Accountant. Motor Vehicle Supervisor, and additional supply specialists Manning action for October 1965 changes was begun in dec. meber. Additional action was under way by one close of 1965 to provide additional personnel authorizations. These line clude:

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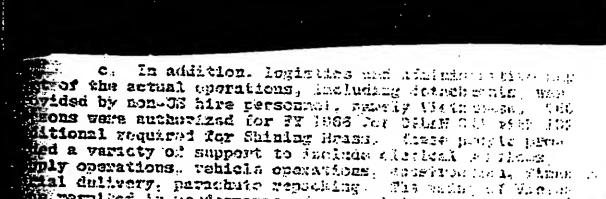
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- (2). Civil Engineer/Public Works Officiary
- 43)... Assistant Supply Officer
- (4) Prausportation Scotton



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providing well trained terministance.



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h. Resupply activities supported atmorate and Pay War requirements. Bundles and supplies met light schedules in an ever increasing tempo. Her procedures and techniques were daveloped and employed during the year. Vietnamese (FDOS) were trained in their appricabilies.

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HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES MILITARY ASSISTANCE COMMAND, VIETNAM APO San Francisco 96222

MACSOG

5 May 1967

SUBJECT:

Transmittal of Annex M, 1966 MACV Command History (U)

TO:

SEE DISTRIBUTION

- 1. (U) Inclosed is Annex M (Special Operations) to the 1966 Command History.
- 2. (U) Because of the sensitive nature of the information contained in this annex, its distribution has been limited to those agencies considered to have an essential need-to-know. It is requested that no further distribution be made without the express consent of this headquarters.
- (U) Regraded unclassified when separated from classified inclosure.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

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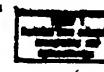
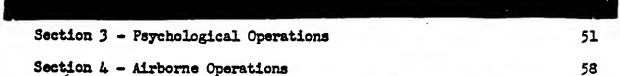




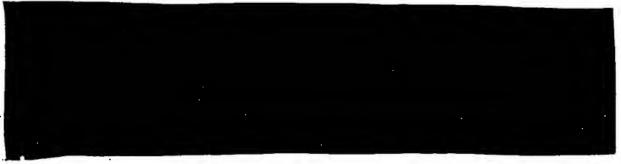
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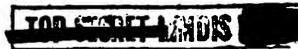
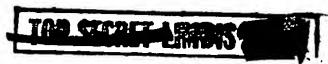


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ANNEX M (SPECIAL OPERATIONS) -TO MACV 1966 COMMAND HISTORY

1. (TSLD) GENERAL

- a. This annex summarizes the activities of the Studies and Observations Group (SOG), Headquarters, Military Assistance Command, Vietnam (MACV), during the Calender Year 1966. Details of these activities are contained in the appendices to this annex.
- b. During CT66 SOG continued, expanded, and intensified its programs of harassment, diversion, political pressure, capture of prisoners, physical destruction, propaganda and acquisition of intelligence against North Vietnam; and combat operations including interdiction of supply routes, destruction of supplies and equipment, acquisition of intelligence information and post air strike damage assessment and exploitation against the enemy in selected portions of Laos.
- c. The Joint Personnel Recovery Center (JPRC) mission was assigned to SOG during the year. Personnel for the JPRC began arriving in August, and on 17 September the JPRC was formally activated.
 - 2. (C) ADMINISTRATION (APPENDIX I).

Authorized strength of SOG increased from 222 on 1 January to 275 on 31 December 1966.

- 3. (TSLD) INTELLIGENCE (APPENDIX II)
- a. The Intelligence Branch was reorganized and streamlined during the year to provide for more efficient operation.
- b. In August, an ADP system was initiated, which provided more rapid retrieval and collation of basic intelligence data.
- c. Close liaison with other intelligence agencies was developed or improved during the year to provide for more complete intelligence coverage for targeting.
 - 4. (TSLD) OPERATIONS, OPLAN 34A (APPENDIX III)
 - a. Maritime Operations.
 - (1) Covert boat and landing team operations continued to

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- (2) Nine Nasty Class PTFs and three SWIFT boats were in the inventory at the beginning of the year. Three new Nasty Class PTFs were acquired during the year. At the end of the year seven Nasty Class PTFs and three SWIFT boats remained in the inventory. On the average, seven Nasty Class PTFs and three SWIFTS were operationally ready throughout the year, the remainder being down for overhaul or repair.
- (3) An average of 11 PTF crews were operationally ready throughout the year. Three SWIFT crews were continually operational. Action team strength at the beginning of the year was 134, organized in five teams. At the end of the year, this strength had decreased to 104, organized in four teams.
- Eight men were killed in action, 15 were wounded in action, six were missing in action, and five PTFs were lost.
 - b. Air Operations.



- (2) Air operations support of SHINING BRASS consisted of VNAF H-34 and 17 aircraft with VNAF crews, supplemented with US Army UH-1 helicopters and crews. Logistics support was provided initially by SOG C-123 aircraft, with C-130 aircraft added in October. USAF provided FAC support using O-1 aircraft.
- (3) Air Operations Logistics Section fragged 442 missions in support of SOG activities. A total passengers were airlifted, a considerable increase over CY65.

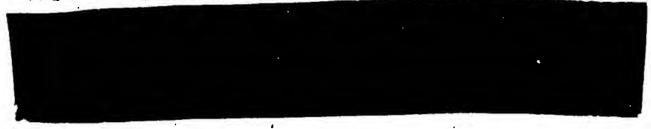
 SOG C-123 and C-130E aircraft were used.
 - c. Psychological Operations.
- (1) Psychological operations continued with the same type of operations as in CY 1965.





d. Airborne Operations.

(1) The Airborne Operations Section, in conjunction with Strategic Technical Service (STS) counterpart personnel, continued to recruit, train, equip, and infiltrate agent teams into NVN, and subsequently to resupply and reinforce these teams. The team missions were to collect intelligence, psychological operations, and render assistance to downed aircrews.



5. (TSLD) OPERATIONS, SHINING BRASS (APPENDIX IV)

- a. SHINING BRASS operations are conducted against VC Bases and LOCs within certain specified areas in Laos. SHINING BRASS Phase I operations were initiated in October 1965, Reconnaissance (Spike Team) operations were conducted initially at a rate of three to four per month in 1965 and reached an average of 11 per month in 1966. Phase II operations were authorized on 20 June 1966 and were conducted thereafter at a frequency of about two per month.
- b. Authorized strength at the end of CY66 was three exploitation battalions and 20 Spike Teams.
- c. SHINING BRASS forces also support the Joint Personnel Recovery Center by conducting operations to recover US prisoners or evadees, both in and out of country.
 - 6. (TSLD) JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY CENTER (APPENDIX V)
- a. The Joint Personnel Recovery Center (JPRC) was activated on 17 September 1966. Its mission is to provide a capability within USMACV for personnel recovery operations subsequent to termination of search and rescue (SAR) efforts.
- b. Since its activation the JPRC has served as a focal point for all intelligence information relating to detained or missing per— sonnel in the Southeast Asia Theater of Operations.
- c. To complement the Safe-Area program in North Vietnam, the JPRC was directed to establish Safe Area Activation Teams (SAAT). At the end of CY66, six SAAT teams were operationally ready, and four additional teams recruited and ready for training.

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7. (TS) LOGISTICS (APPENDIX VI)-

a. Logistics activities during the year kept pace with expanding operational requirements of SOG.

b. Operational methods were also adjusted to new situations and requirements. Shipping procedures were revised to take advantage of incountry stocks and to save time and costs.

c. Construction and rehabilitation, as well as procurement and disposition of rental property kept pace with expanding operations, in spite of some problems with the procurement of real estate.

8. (TSLD) PLANS (APPENDIX VII)

The Plans Section, authorized in 1965, continued to provide current, long-range, and contingency planning for SOG and JUWIF operations, as well as providing input to the plans of higher headquarters.

9. (SLD) COMMUNICATIONS (APPENDIX VIII)

The Communications Division kept pace with the increased requirements of SOG through the acquisition of additional and more efficient equipment, more effective routing of traffic, improved signal plans, and training of operators.



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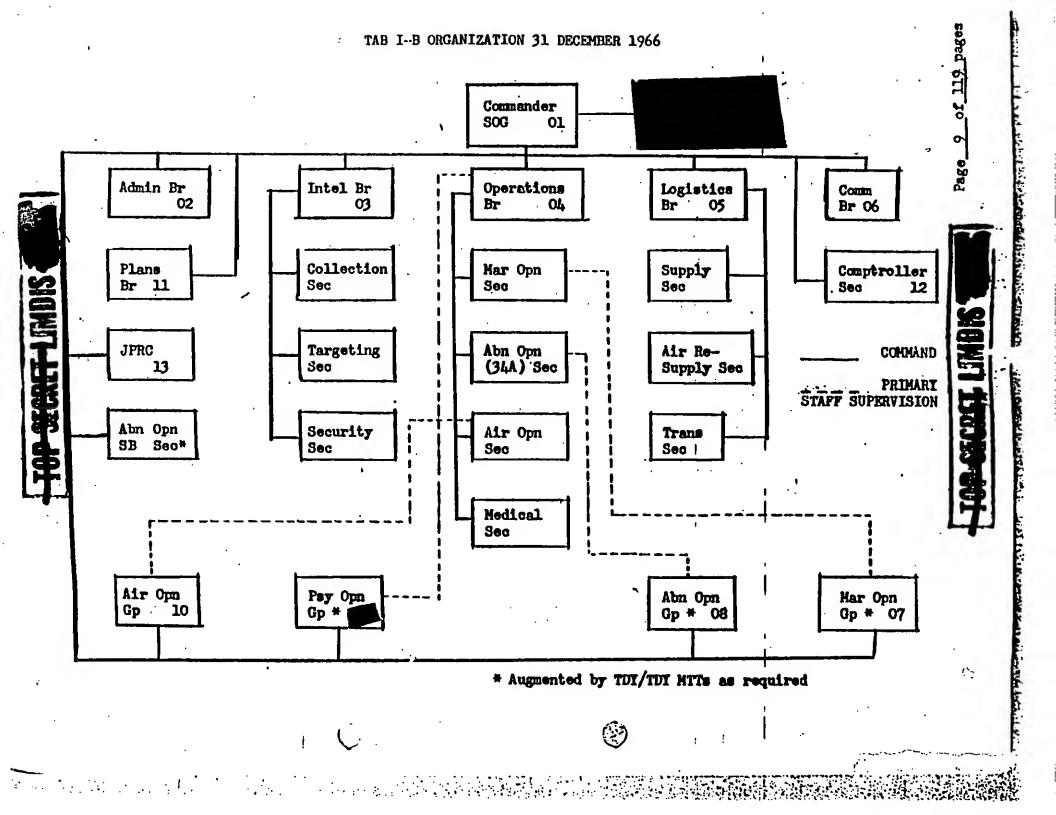
APPENDIX I - ADMENISTRATION

- 1. (U) Command: Colonel John K. Singlaub, 037040, USA assumed command effective 14 May 1966, succeeding Colonel Donald D. Blackburn, 033734.
 - 2. (C) Organization:
- a. On 1 January 1966 SOG was operating under the JTD of 15 October 1965 at an authorized strength of 88 officers, 3 warrant officers, 116 enlisted and
- b. During the year, a number of changes and additions, including the establishment of the Joint Personnel Recovery Center, were made to the JTD. The year-end authorized strength was 108 officers, 3 warrant officers, 149 enlisted
- c. The 1 January and 31 December 1966 organizations are shown at 0 Tabs I-A and I-B respectively.
 - 3. (U) Personnel:

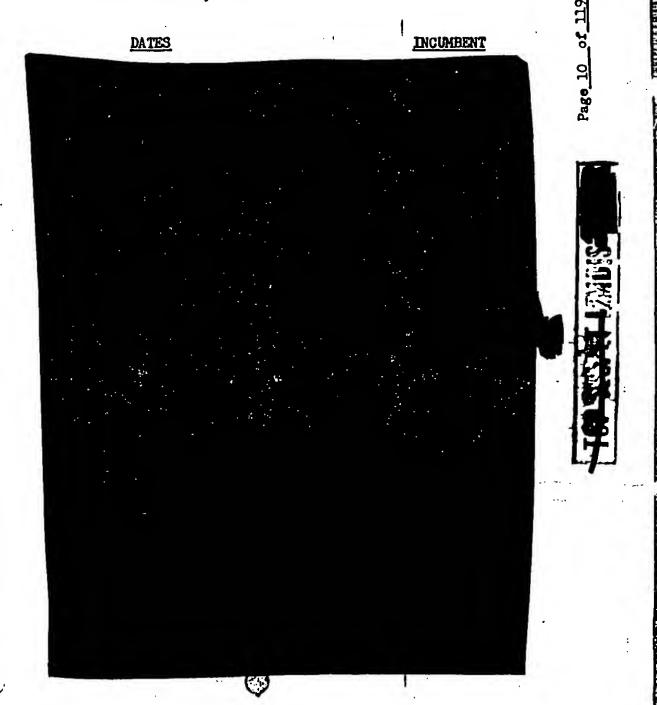
- a. Tab I-C is a list of SOG key commanders and staff officers.
- b. Three SOG personnel were medically evacuated during CY 66. (See Tab I-D).

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- b. Spec Asst Abn Opn
- c. Executive Officer
- 2. Administrative Officer
- 3. Chief, Intelligence Branch
- 4. Chief Operations Branch
 - a. Chief MAROP Sec (34A)
 - b. Chief Abn Opn Sec (34A)
 - c. Chief Air Opn Sec
 - d. Chief Medical Sec
 - e. Chief Abn Opns Sec (SB)



- 6. Chief Comm Branch
- CO MAROP Gp
- 8. Senior Adv Long Thanh Det
- 9. Chief PSYOP Gp
- 10. CO AIROP Gp
- 11. Chief Plans Branch
- 12. Chief Comptroller Branch
- 13. Chief JPRC





TAB I-D MEDICAL EVACUEES FOR CY 1966

NAME



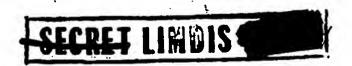
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APPENDIX II - INTELLIGENCE

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1. (TSLD) The following improvements were made during the 3rd and 4th quarters of calendar year 1966 to provide a more qualitative intelligence product in support of MACSOG operational responsibilities:

a. Operational Reorganization of Branch: (TAB II-A)

- (1) The <u>Collection</u> and <u>Plans and Estimates</u> Sections were combined into the <u>Operations</u> Section, using existing TD positions and establishing Country Desks. This consolidation significantly reduced the response time to requests for the support of SOG operations.
- (2) The <u>Targeting Section</u> was consolidated by placing all photo interpreters in one location, and was redesignated the <u>Photo Analysis Section</u>. Response time again was reduced significantly on all requirements. A clerk was added in July to maintain a film library and map coverage of the areas of interest.
- (3) An Administrative Section was established. Using existing TD positions, the Intelligence Officer became the assistant to the Branch Chief. This position provided an officer familiar with intelligence to assign tasks and to coordinate the efforts of the Branch. Administrative matters and projects also are handled by this section. This provides better utilization of the other Sections, and frees the Branch Chief from routine administrative tasks.

b. <u>Maritime Operations</u>:

- (1) In October, an Intelligence Officer with a Vietnamese language capability was assigned to Camp DODO to supervise exploitation and collection efforts.
- (2) An SOP for reporting intelligence obtained from interregation of MAROPS detainees was prepared and implemented in October.
- (3) An Interrogation Guide incorporating KEI and OIR was prepared and put into use in July.
- (4) The technique for targeting CADO missions was improved by drawing on the resources of the Targeting and Operations Sections.
- c. Airborne Operations: Comprehensive Road Watch reporting format and EEI were prepared and furnished

d. SHINING BRASS Operations:

- (1) an intelligence report to supplement the SB after-action report was established 1 July.
- (2) Beginning in November, the method of targeting for SB missions was improved by using photo interpretation and all available intelligence obtained by the Operations Section.



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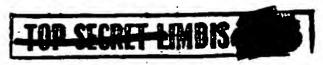
- (3) The results of all SB missions are plotted in an attempt to pinpoint VNA/VC Base areas and activities, employing Base Area Study techniques developed by CICV. This program, begun in October, has been the basis of much valuable intelligence to support targeting of SB missions. A great deal of worthwhile intelligence also was provided to MACV J2 as a result of this program.
- e. An ADP system was initiated in August to provide rapid retrieval and collation of basic intelligence data.
 - 2. (TSLD) SHINING BRASS Intelligence activities:
 - a. Supplemental Intelligence Reports.
- (1) Sixty-five supplemental intelligence reports were submitted by the Intelligence Branch during the period 1 July 31 December. This program was initiated on 1 July.
- (2) These supplemental reports contained the following type information:
 - (a) Activities of enemy and indigenous personnel.
- (b) Location and descriptions of installations, fortifications, and structures.
- (c) Terrain information to include trails, roads, fords, ferries, obstacles, etc.
 - (d) Crops and Livestock.
 - (e) Results of friendly airstrikes.
 - (f) Results of US/SVN Psyop programs.
- b. <u>Spot Reports</u> Prior to 1 July two Spot Reports were submitted to JCS on SHINING BRASS missions. These were special reports and were not a part of the normal reporting procedure.
 - c. Studies, Estimates, and Annexes Prepared:
- (1) Intelligence Estimate No. 1 for support of cross border operations in the DMZ.—September 1966.
- (2) Intelligence Estimate No. 2 for support of OPIAN 37B-66, Phase III, SHINING ERASS. December 1966.
- (3) Intelligence Annex for OPIAN 37B-66, Phase III, SHINING BRASS. December 1966.
- (4) Area Analysis for Cambodian cross border operations.

 December 1966.



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- (5) SHINING BRASS area mission analysis:
 - (a) HASTINGS Operations. August 1966.
 - (b) Khe Sanh Salient. August 1966.
 - (c) PRAIRIE Operations. October 1966.
 - (d) Ashau Salient. December 1966.

d. Target Selection and Development:

- (1) A total of 133 targets were selected and developed.
- (2) A total of eight residuatch sites were recommended by MACV J2 and were developed by the Intelligence Branch.
- (3) A total of eight targets were recommended by 3rd MAF in support of Operation HASTINGS in the temporary extension of the SHINING ERASS area. The eight targets were developed in July.
- (4) During September 16 targets were recommended by III MAF and developed in support of Operation PRAIRIE. The targets were located in western Quang Tri Province and in Lacs adjacent to the border.
- (5) A total of 28 targets were recommended for ARC LIGHT striked by the Intelligence Branch.
- e. Expansion of Area Coverage: During June, six targets were developed in the northern SHINING BRASS area within the Khe Sanh Sector.

f. Changes Necessitated by Expansion of Operational Area:

- (1) During June, close liaison was established between the Intelligence Branch and MACV J2, CICV, and CIIB to provide more complete intelligence for targeting.
- (2) The increase in target requests required that joint procedures be established between the Targeting and Operations Sections. Operations Section collected and collected intelligence on possible targets and furnished the information to Targeting Section. 'The Targeting Section, using this information, did photo resdouts and prepared the target folders.
 - 3. (TSLD) MAROPS Intelligence Activities:
 - a. Spot Reports:

(2) The majority of these spot reports provided information on military order of battle and coastal defense installations of NVN. Other

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subjects reported on were:

- (a) Para-military activities.
- (b) Air defense.
- (c) Conscription.
- (d) Coastal sea transportation.
- (e) Population controls.
- (f) Identification of dissident groups.
- (g) US/RVN airstrike results.
- (h) Effects of war on NVN economy.
- (i) Collectivization program in NVN.
- (j) Governmental and popular reaction to friendly paymar operations.
 - (3) Special interest reports were submitted on:
- (a) NVN policy regarding actions and conduct of NVN fishermen towards US pilots downed at sea.
 - (b) The downing and disposition of US aircraft and pilots.
 - (d) NVN defensive measures against MAROPS operations.
 - b. <u>Intelligence Information Reports</u>:
- (2) These reports primarily provided information on military and defense cativities along the NVN coast. Other-subjects reported on were: --
- (a) Political, economic, and social activities in the villages and hamlets of the NVN coastal region.
 - (b) Beach and hydrographic information.
 - c. Studies, Estimates, and Annexes prepared:
 - (1) Intelligence Annex to OPIAN 11-66 SHOT GUN. May 1966.
 - (2) NVN coastal defense study of all known gur positions



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occupied and unoccupied, between 17°-30'N in October 1966.

- (3) Intelligence Annex to OPLAN 37D-66 for Cambodian MAROPS. November 1966.
 - (4) Intelligence Annex to OPIAN FREEDOM SHIP. December 1966.
- d. Target Development: A total of 98 targets were developed for MAROPS.
 - e. Problem Areas Encountered:
 - (1) Timely receipt of pre-strike aerial photography.
 - (a) Low priority assigned to Photo requests.
- (b) Delivery system used to transport mission film from the Navy.
 - (2) Selection of targets based on an overall priority basis.
 - (3) Actions taken to remedy problems:
- (a) CINCPAC was requested to assign priority I to prestrike photography. This priority was assigned as of October.
- (b) During August a coordinated procedure was established to expedite transportation and delivery of pre-strike photography.
- f. Special Coastal Study: A comparative study of coastal defenses in NVN was made using MAY-JUN and OCT-NOV photography.
- (1) The study was limited to the area that had usable comparative photo coverage available.
- (2) Results of the study showed an overall increase in the area covered in the following:
 - (a) Trenching-23.14 NM
 - (b) Coastal defense gum positions-33
 - (c) AL/AW weapons positions—139—
 - (d) Security posts-15
 - (e) Bunkers-11
 - 4. (TSLD) ABNOPS Intelligence Activities:
 - a. Spot Reports:

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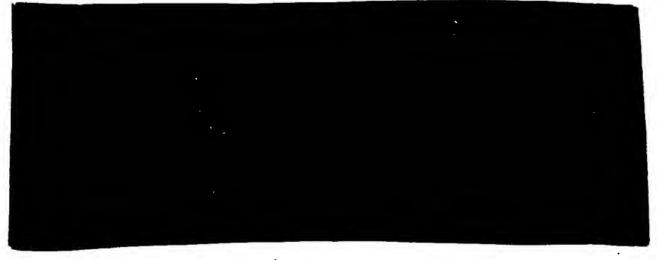


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- (2) The majority of these spot reports provided road watch type information and general area observations. Other subjects reported on were:
- (a) GNVN activities in the Meo Tribal areas and Meo responses to these activities.
 - (b) Local security procedures.
 - (c) Evacuation of urban areas.
 - (d) Shipping in Haiphong, Kon Gay, and Cam Pha.
 - (e) Results of friendly airstrikes.
 - (f) Treatment of downed US pilots.
 - (g) Anti-US propaganda.
 - (h) General economic and political information.
 - (i) Construction activities.
- b. <u>Intelligence Information Reports</u>: One intelligence information report was submitted on the Meo response to GNVN efforts to win Meo support.
 - c. Studies, Estimates, and Annexes prepared:
- (1) General area studies were prepared for the areas of operations of Teams Hector, Samson, Hadley and Kern.
 - (2) Target analysis of the Lao Cai area was made.
 - (3) A revised general EEI was prepared for OP 34.



- 6. (TSLD) DANIEL BOONE; Intelligence Activities:
 - a. The Intelligence Branch selected 21 targets within Cambodia as



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possible targets for DANIEL BOONE operations when approved by higher head-quarters.

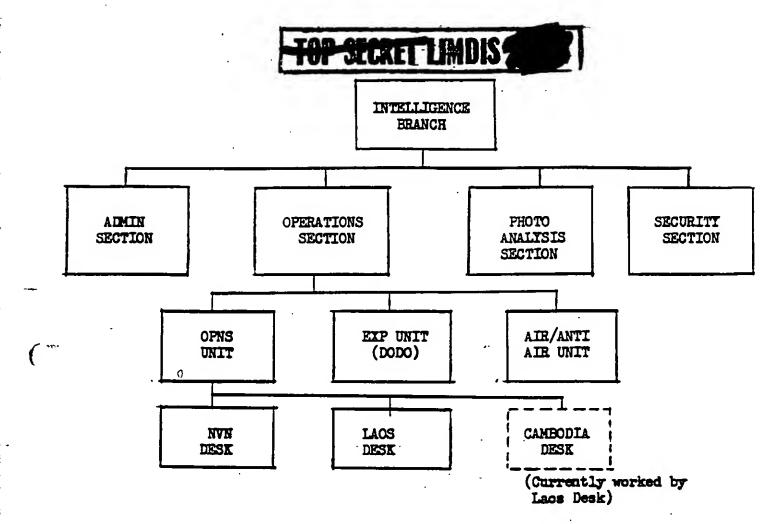
- b. Photo interpretation of Cambodia was limited by the type of photography available. During 1966, high-altitude photography was the only type available.
 - 7. (TSLD) Air/Anti-Air Intelligence Activities:

- a. The air/anti-air element of the Operations Section maintained all AAA, Air, SAM, radar, and EOB for Laos, NVN and SVN. A graphic display of these holdings in addition to OB files were maintained.
- b. Support was provided to lst Flt Det, AENOPS, JFRC, MAROPS, and SHINING BRASS through the timely location and identification of enemy air and anti-air defenses in the areas of operations.
- 8. (C) Security Activities: The following is a listing of major activities in addition to the routine investigations and inspections conducted by the Security Section:
 - a. Prepared the SOG Security Directive 380-5.
- b. Established briefing procedures for non-SOG personnel and personnel assigned and attached to SOG.
- c. Initiated civilian and military (VN) card and personality files, and procedures for security checks on these personnel at the AM Embassy, OSA, and VN National Police.
- d. Established continuing Liaison with STS. During 1966 the Security Section assisted STS in establishing security regulations and a Security Section.
 - e. Provided technical assistance to SOG with:
- (1) DASE inspections and electronic sweeps. (Acquired F-100 Kit, recorder during 1966.)
 - (2) DAME service and support.
- (3) Photographic service for SOG passes and other official documents.
 - f. Prepared the following documents:

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- (1) Evacuation/Fire Plan, January 1966.
- (2) MACSOG Dir 606-1. SOG pass system, 5 April 1966.
- (3) Passive | Temse Plan, June 1966.
- (4) Security ection SOP, November 1966.
- (5) MACSOG D: 380-7, Military Security-Access to SOG Information, draft prepared December 1766.

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TAB II-A OPERATIONAL ORGANIZATION as of September 1966

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APPENDIX III - OPERATIONS

(TSID) Appendix III contains the historical summaries of the operational aspects of OPLAN 34A. These are presented in four sections:

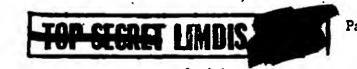
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Section 1 - Maritime Operations

Section 2 - Air Operations

Section 3 - Psychological Operations

Section 4 - Airborne Operations



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1. (TS) SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS. The current means of identifying types of MAROPS missions is by number,

The current mission designation method was adopted midway through CT 66. However, the code namese are used throughout this report to simplify identification. These code names are defined as follows:

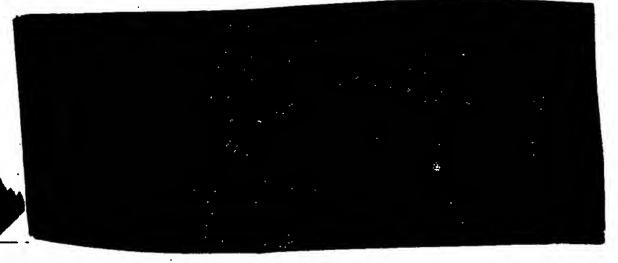
(a) a. Separately scheduled Nasty Class PTF

Junks are wither destroyed or captured as tactical situation dictates.

b. — Separately scheduled Nasty Class PTF distribution mission wherein NVN vessels encountered in the patrol area are stopped, boarded, and searched.

If cargo

of military nature is found, vessel is destroyed.



(1)
(C) The NASTY class PTF is an 80-foot, 80-ton diesel-powered ull boat capable of speeds up to 40 knots. Normal armament consists of one 40-mm gun, two 20-mm guns, one .50 cal MG and 81 mm mortar. Radar and commu cations equipment are provided.

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DATE

OPERATION

RESULTS

TOTALS CY 1966

126 Primary mans
56 Secondary mans

353 prisoners captured.
352 prisoners returned.
86 enemy craft destroyed.
16 enemy craft damaged.
2,000,000 PSYHAR leaflets distributed by 81mm mortar.
60,000 PSYHAR gift kits.
delivered.
2,600 PSYHAR radios delivered.

f. General:

(1) No MAROPS were conducted in 1966 until 17 February, at which time a 55-day JCS-ordered standown was terminated.

frequently and as PTF assets decreased through operational attrition, missions were scheduled with a definite view toward conserving PTF assets on hand. Nevertheless, missions were executed along the entire NVN coast and over one-half of the total MAROPS missions conducted in 1966 were executed north of 19-00N.

Chief. MAROPS on 24 April.

S Operations Officer, MAROPS on 6 June.

Interconant Commer Butler relieved Jas Assistant

Operations Officer, MAROPS on 4 August.

Lieved Lieutenant Commander as Operations

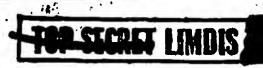
Officer, MAROPS on 20 November.

Charge, USNAD on 1 May.

(5) On 31 July the Chief, Naval Advisory Group, Military Assistance Command, Vietnam, approved the TOME for the naval element of the Coastal Security Service. Approved strength was set at 362 Vietnamese Naval personnel. An average of 11 PTF crews composed of Vietnamese Naval personnel were operationally ready threshout the year.

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(7) PTF operational status varied due to material casualties and operational losses. Three new Nasty Class PTFs were acquired in 1966. All three of of these boats were subsequently lost during the year. The inventory at the beginning of the year consisted of nine Nasty Class PTFs were in the SOG inventory.

An average of seven Nasty Class PTFs were operationally ready throughout the year. At the end of 1966 the status of replacement PTFs was reflected in a JCS message which stated that the Trumpy Boat Yard, Annapolis, Maryland, had been awarded a contract to build six Nasty Class PTFs with first delivery in 18 months.

2. (TS) Operations:

a. The most effective operations conducted by MAROPS in pursuance of OPLAN 34A were PTF maritime interdiction missions.

Maritime action team missions during the year did not succeed in attaining the degree of success anticipated. Several factors contributed to the relatively poor results achieved in action team missions. Adverse weather caused cancellation of missions which could not be rescheduled until the suitable moon phase in the following month; instances of mutual interference were experienced; primarily pre-strike photography, necessitated several action team cancellations; and, finally, and the coupled with it.

b. The operational areas available to the MAROPS craft became inc.

USN NGF/interdiction operation employing USN destroyers to engage military cargo vessels and active military coastal installa-

Additions
restricting MAROYS draw to areas south of 19-30N so as not to expose
PTFs to known operating areas of NVN air. PTFs had been attacked in northern waters by enemy air in 1966 without possessing adequate air defense
weapons

3. (TS) Training:

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a. Action Team Training. The major training advancement implemented in 1066 was the These operations began in September and introduced across—the—beach missions similar in all respects to action team missions in NVN with certain exceptions. SOTROPS were conducted in SVN against known VC—occupied areas. The action teams were accompanied by US advisors who observed the conduct of the teams throughout the mission. Each SOTROPS

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was scheduled and executed as a final rehearsal for a future mission in NVN and as nearly as possible involved elements and techniques which the teams would experience in operations in NVN. In addition to the value of SOTROPS in regard to action team training, intelligence information of value to the III MAF in the I Corps was furnished to G-2, III MAF.

b. Boat Crew Training. Cyclic and refresher training continued whenever boat availability and operational requirements permitted. Individual and multiple boat tactics as well as gunnery and fire discipline were stressed. Proper communication procedures were emphasized constantly as was the proper use of recognition procedures. The Mobile Support Team began a program of training all Vietnamese engineering ratings in maintenance and repair of the Napier Deltic engines, the propulsion system of the Nasty PTF.

4. (TS) Equipment:

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5. (TS) Facilities:

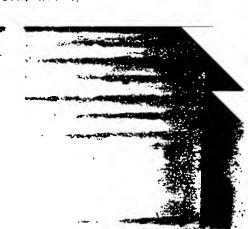
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became became became of the increased waterborne traffic and attendant personnel in the immediate area.

b. In the summer of 1966 the action team base camp construction at Black Rock was completed. Action teams were relocated at

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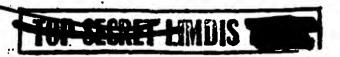


this camp from their individual camps in the vicinity of My Khe. These camps were turned over to the Danang Real Estate Directorate for other than SOG use. US SEAL advisors continued to be based at My Khe with their move to Black Rock scheduled in CY-67. In the fall of 1966 an explosion of unknown origin extensively damaged the My Khe camp. Repairs were effected; however, no rebuilding of facilities was undertaken since all activities will be transferred to Black Bock during first of CY-67.



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SECTION 2 - AIR OFERATIONS

- 1. (TSLD) MISSION. The primary mission of Air Operations is to provide responsive air support for SOG operations in Scutheast Asia, with a secondary mission of furnishing adequate logistics airlift for SOG activities.
- 2. (TSLD) GENERAL. During CY 66 various types of aircraft were used to support the programmed operation for the year. The following history for Air Operations is outlined in three distinct air support areas: OPIAN 34A (operations in NVN), SHINING BRASS (counterinsurgency Laos/SVN border area) and logistics support for SOG activities. A chronology of the significant Air Operations events of CY66 is shown at Tab III-2-A.
- 3. (TSLD) OPLAN 34A AIR OPERATIONS: Air operations in support of OPLAN 34A during CY 66 were composed of two types of missions:
- a. The greatest limiting factor during this period was weather. Thirty-nine percent of the flights scheduled were cancelled or aborted for this reason.
- b. The charts at TABS III-2-B and C provide mission data by type of aircraft employed in support of OPLAN 34A during the period.
 - 4. (TSLD) SHINING BRASS Air Support.
- a. Fair Operations supported the SHINING ERASS mission employing six to ten VNAF H-34 helicopters with eight VNAF Crews, and two VNAF U-17 aircraft with two VNAF U-17 crews. This was supplemented with four to ten US Army UH-1 helicopters and crews. Logistics support was initially provided by SOG C-123's. Beginning 20 October, C-130 aircraft were added. USAF provided FAC (Forward Air Controller) support using O-1 aircraft. USAF fighter aircraft were used as air cover during infiltrations and exfiltrations.
- b. SHINING HRASS operations were tripled during CT 66, which tripled air support requirements. VNAF H-34 resources used by SHINING BRASS increased from six to a maximum of ten aircraft. All other aircraft support increased proportionally. During a typical operational period (18 July through 26 Suptember) US Army UH-1B gumships flew 83 sorties in support of SHINING BRASS. The damage inflicted was 93 enemy structures destroyed, 48 enemy structures damaged, and one bridge destroyed. In addition to this, UH-1B gumships flew 101 infiltration and exfiltration escort sorties during the same period.

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c. The present UE (Unit Equipment) of the VNAF 83d Tactical Air Group, which supports SHINLAG EMASS operations, authorizes 13 H-34 helicopters. Tem H-34's were assigned originally. One aircraft was lost operationally in 1966, and for the remainder of the year the number of aircraft assigned remained at nine. Additional H-34's, to be obtained from the US Navy, will be assigned to the 83d TAG to attain the UE of 18 aircraft.

5. (TSLD) Logistics Airlift Support.

a. During CY 66, Air Operations Logistics Section fragged 442 missions in support of SOG activities. These were flown in South Vietnam and elsewhere in Southeast Asia, using SOG C-123 and C-130E sircraft.

- b. A total of 4,891,228 pounds of cargo and 13,893 passengers were airlifted during CY 1966. This is a considerable increase over the previous year, caused by expanded operations of SOG.
- c. A significant event for the logistics Section during CY 66 occurred on 20 October 1966 when the first SOG C-130 mission was fragged and flown. This aircraft can carry more than twice the load for greater distances and at higher speeds than the C-123.
- d. The following chart shows cargo and passengers airlifted during CY 66. Note that the increase in cargo airlifted during the last three months is due to the addition of C-130's.

CARGO AND PASSENGERS AIRLIFTED DURING CY 66

HONTH	CARGO (Pounds)	PASSENGERS
Jan.	345,837	829
Peb	242,715	456
Mar	341,715	<u>1</u> ,01
Apr	409,268	916
May	375,624	1,012
Jun	321,227	1,204
Jul.	436,535	1,465
Ang	432,814	1,422
Sep	352,833	1,748
Oct	459,064	1,190 TO SELVE LIMDIS
Nov	596,254	1,220
Dec	577,312	1,420 Page 38 of 119 pe

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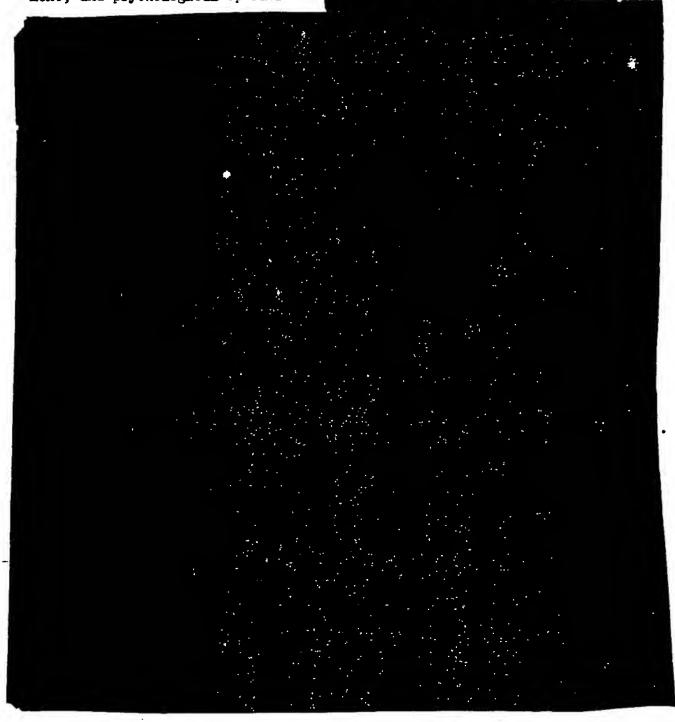
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SECTION 4 - AIRBORNE OPERATIONS

1. (TSLD) PLANNING AND POLICY:

a. MACSOG msg DTG 100725Z Feb 66 contained the planned development of four additional areas for intelligence, harassment, and psychological operations.



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Inclosure 3 (Combat Operations) to TAB III-4-F (Training Activities at Camp Long Thanh).

- (S) The following is a monthly summary of combat operations conducted during 1966. The strength of the Civilian Irregular Defense Group (CIDG) Battalion for each month is included.
- a. During the year the Security (CIDG) Battalion conducted the following recurring type security operations:
- (1) Daily 50-man road clearing and security detail on high-way 15.
- (2) Eight 5-man ambush sites outside of Camp Long Thanh nightly.
 - (3) Five 5-man security sites around airfield 24 hours daily.
 - (4) One 15-man ambush site in TAOR nightly.
- (5) In addition, search and destroy operations were conducted as shown in the following summary of operations.
- b. Summary of combat operations conducted by personnel from Camp Long Thanh during 1966:
- (1) January: CIDG strength 433. Three platoon-size search and destroy operations were conducted in the TAOR. On two of these operations enemy contact was made; Results: 1 VC WIA and 1 VC flag captured.
- (2) February: CIDG strength 410. One company and one platoon size search and destroy operations were conducted. Two company-sized operations were conducted in coordination with the 173rd US Airborne Brigade (No contact with the enemy resulted from this operation). Results: 1 VC WIA, 1 Russian Carbine captured.
- (3) March: CIDG strength 400. Two company-size and three platoon-size search and destroy operations were conducted. Platoon-size elements operated with units of the lst US Infantry Division. No enemy contact.
- (5) May: CIDG strength 385. One company-size and one platoon-size search and destroy operations were conducted. No enemy contact.
- (6) June: CIDG strength 379. One company and four platoon-size search and destroy operations were conducted. Results: 1 CIDG WIA.



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- (7) July: CIDG strength 384. One company-size operation was conducted. No enemy contact.
- (8) August: dIDG strength 385. During this month one company-size operation was conducted. Results: 2 CIDG WIA.
- (9) September: CIDG strength 452. One company and two platoon-size operations were conducted. Results: 1 VC WIA, 1 Russian Carbine and 1 US Carbine captured.

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- (10) October: CIDG strength 507. Two company-size search and destroy operations were conducted. Results: 1 US KIA, 1 US WIA, 2 CIDG WIA, 2 VC WIA, 1 US M-16 captured.
- (11) November: CIDG strength 504. 1 CIDG 3/4 ton truck was ambushed on highway 15. Results: 9 CIDG KIA, 5 CIDG WIA, 1 LMG lost, 1 60MM Mortar lost, 6 BAR's lost, 6 M2 Carbines lost.
- (12) December: CIDG strength 461: During this month, no operations were conducted.
 - c. Results of operations conducted during 1966.
- (1) Enemy: 1 KIA, 4 WIA, 2 Russian Carbines, 1 M-16, 1 M-1, 1 US Carbine, 2 Grenades and 7 Mines captured.
- (2) Friendly: 1 US KIA, 1 US WIA, 9 CIDG KIA, 12 CIDG WIA, 1 LMG, 1 60MM Mortar, 6 BAR's and 6 Carbines lost.



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APPENDIX IV - SHINING BRASS

(TSLD) Summary of Operations

- a. Background. SHINING BRASS Phase I operations were initiated in October 1965. Reconnaissance (Spike Team) operations were conducted initially at a rate of three to four per month in 1965 and reached an average of 11 per month in 1966. Phase II operations were authorized on 20 June 1966 and were conducted thereafter at a frequency of about two per month.
 - b. Present Concept of Operations.
- (1) Phase I and II operations are authorized in that area of Laos east of a line from X0904212 to YB 4496801 and extending south to Cambodia. A temporary extension exists from the northern limit of the operational area to the DMZ to a depth of five Km into Laos.
 - (2) Phase III operations have not yet been authorized.
 - (3) Three Nung exploitation battalions (called a Hornet Force if platoon size, a Havoc Force if company size, and a Haymaker Force if battalion size) and 20 Spike Teams are authorized. Spike Teams and Hornet Forces are recruited and equipped in Saigon by the Liaison Bureau, a combined US/ARVN detachment. Training is conducted at the Forward Operating Bases No 1 and 3 (FOB 1 and 3) at Hue Phu Bai in I Corps, at FOB 2 at Kontum in II Corps and at Kham Duc in II Corps. In-country training missions are conducted from these bases. Out-of-country missions are also conducted from these bases and from DakTo in II Corps and Khe Sanh in I Corps.
 - (4) SHINING BRASS forces also support the Joint Personnel Recovery Center (JPRC) by conducting operations to recover US prisoners or evadees, both in and out-of-country.
 - c. Operational Highlights.
 - (1) The first ARC LIGHT (B-52 Strike) bomb damage assessment (BDA) in Laos was performed by Spike Team 28 February on target P-1. A total of five ARC LIGHT BDA's were performed during the year.
- (3) SHINING ERASS supported III MAF operations in Quang Tri Province during the period 18 September 15 October by infiltrating nine in-country targets and eight Laos targets (MA-1 thr "gn MA-15) near the DMZ.



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- (4) The first ERIGHT LIGHT (FOW recovery) mission was performed by a Spike Team in NVN on 1 October. The pilot was dead, but his body was recovered. A total of four BRIGHT LIGHT missions were conducted during the year, one in-country, two in NVN, and one in Laos. The last mission successfully recovered a pilot.
- a Spike Team 3-7 October on target MA-10.
- (6) A total of 15 prisoners were captured and 72 enemy killed (confirmed body count) by SHINING BRASS elements during this year. Friendly losses were three US and 16 VN KIA, five US and 25 VN MIA.
 - (7) SHINING BRASS operations are tabulated at TAB IV-A.



TAB IV-A - SHINING BRASS OPERATIONS, 1966

MONTH	DATES	TARGET	TYPE UNIT	REMARKS
January	6-8	0-1	Spike Team	
(3 ST)	9-11	M-1	11 11	
() 0.7	13-14	N-1	11 II ·	
	-	14-7		
February	7-9	U-1	17 1t	•
(9 ST)	7-9	V-1	T II	
() 52 /	15-18	S-1	n n	
	17-19	Q-1	11 tt	
	21-23	R-1	ır 11 -	
	23-26	H-1	n n	
	28	P-1	ti ti	BDA ARC LIGHT
•	28	· 0-1	n n	DAN MIG TIGHT
	28-1 Mar	N-1	11 11	BDA ARC LIGHT
	70-7 IM	14-4		DAY MIO DIGHT
March	14-16	X-1	H , H	
(6 ST)	15-16	Y-1	17 11	
(0 00)	17-19	Z-1	tt tt	
	23-26	B-1	ti ti	
	24-27	B -2	11 ts	
	26-27	A-2	II II	
	20-21	A-2	,	
April	2-4	D-2	17 1f	
(8 ST & LHF)	7–8	A-1	11 11	1 POW
(/	10-11	W-1	n n	T 1011
	14-16	N-2	" " and	
•		11	Hornet Force	
	18-21	F-2	u u	
	22-26	K-2	ıı tı	
, #	25-28	L-2	n n	
•	28-29	E-2	t 7 11	3 VN KIA
	70 7,	5- 2		J IN MAR
May	8-12	0-2	n n	
(10 ST)	10-12	R-2 -	tr II -	1 VC KIA
(50 01)	12-16	P-2	11 11	2 19 1123
	15-17	J-2	u u .	
	18	R-2	11 11	-
_	_18 - 22 _	Ŭ -2	U11	
	20-24	V-2	11 17	
	24-28 -	G-1	11 17	3 POW, 1 VC KTA
				150 NVN seen
				-10 1111 00011
	26-30	L-1	tl 17	
	31-3 Jun	J - 3	11 (1	BDA ARC LIGHT
				1 POW
	• •			— -



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MONTH	DATES	TARGET	TYPE UNIT	REMARKS
June	8-11	E-2	Spike Team	
(8 ST & 2 HF)	12-14	J -1	11 U	
(0 00 0 0 0 0,	12-17	F-3	11 11	
	17-20	G_3	11 11	•
	18-23	I-3	11 11	2 VC KIA
	21-24	H-3	11 11	5 VC KIA
	24-26	0-2	" " and) 10 mm
,	24-20	U-2	Hornet Force	
	28-2 Jul	Z -1	is in and	
	20-2 JUI	2-1 .	Hornet Force	
•-3-				3 70 77.
July	11-15	D-3	11 11 •	l VC KIA
***	16-18	W-3	17 11	
	22-27	A-4	ti II	
	23-26	C-4	, ii II	
	23-28	B -4	ıt (1	
	26-28	C -4	11 11	
	·27 – 29	A-4		
	28–30	B -4	rt 11	1 US & 2 VN MIA 1 US & 1 VN KIA
	. 28-31	D-4	12 17	
	29-31	A-4	12 13	1 POW
	29-2 Aug	C-4	11 11	
	30-1 Aug	I-3 & F-4	11 11	2 POW
	30-2 Aug	D-4	11 11	2 10"
Angust	2.1	T_2 2 P_1	it II	
August	3-4	I-3 & F-4	11 IF	
(11 ST & 2 HF)		B-4	11 II ·	•
	3-7	C-4		O TO TTA O DOM
	6-8	J-4	11 1 t 11 1 t	2 VC KIA, 2 POW
,1	7-9	I-4		3 VC KIA, 2 POW
	7-11	G-4	11 II 11 II	
	7-12	H-4		0 775 VTI
•	11-12	F-4	Hornet Force	
	19-22	N-3	Spike Team and	I VC KIA
			Hornet Force	
	23-26	K-3	Spike Team	1 VN MIA
•	23-26	M-3	u u	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	29-1 Sep _	E-4	" "	. .
September	2-3	z-3 .	17 11	
(15 ST & 3 HF)		Y-3	IT II	
\ / .u /	3-5	K-3 & U-3	Hornet Force	BDA ARC LIGHT
	3 - 5	K-3 & U-3	MOLHAR LOICE	BDA ARC LIGHT
	4-6	Z-3	Spike Team	
	8-10		ii ii	2 VC KIA
		L-3 & V-3 5_3	it If	4 VC KIA
	11-15	S - 3	,, ,,	# AC DTW

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			IIIDIO	Alg
MONTH	DATES	TARGET	TYPE UNIT	REMARKS
September (Cont'd)	15-18	R-3	Spike Team and Hornet Force	l
•	18-20	MA-2	Spike Team	In-country
	18-20	MA-1	11 11	" " , 2 VC
				KIA
	18-20	MA-4	11 17	In-country,
	21-22	MA-5	f1 1f	" " , 6 VC
	21-24	MA-3	11 11	" " , 2 ∇C
	22-24	MA-6	11 11	KIA 1 POW
	24-26	MA-1	ır ır .	
-				In-country, 200° VC seen
	25-28	MA-7	11 11	In-country
	25-29	MA-8	ii ii	" , 6 VC
				KIA, 1 US & 2 VN MIA, 100 VC seen
October (12 ST & 2 HF)	1	N. Vietnam	11 11	Recovered dead
(12 31 & 2 Ar)	2 1	BRIGHT LIGHT		pilot.
	3-4	MA-12	37 17	1 VC KIA, 3 US & 3 VN MIA
	3-7	MA-10	T\$, f\$	Wire Tap
	8-11	MA-15	. it it	
	10-11	MA-13	ii ii	In-country
	11-12	MA-10	11 11	in-country
	13-15	MA-10		90 00 V0
			Hornet Force	80-90 VC seen
•	16	BRIGHT LIGHT in NVN	Spike Team	4 NVN KIA
C	18	BRIGHT LIGHT in IV Corps CRIMSON TIDE	Havoc Force	2 POW, 2 US KIA, 11 VN KIA, 17 VN MIA
.,.	24-28	W-4	Spike Team	3 VC KIA
·	27-29	J-5	11 12	
•	27-30	I-5	IT 17	
	29-1	0-3	n n	3 VC KIA .
	31-2 Nov	E-5	n` m	
November (8 ST & 1 HF)	2-3 · _	A-4	11 11	5 VC KIA, 4 VN KIA
	<u>3-</u> 8	X-3	_ · n	
	4-5	L-4	tt 11	
	7-13	MA-10	II II	_
	11-13	H-5	n n	•
	13-14	B-3	H 11	3 VC KIA
	18-19	c-3	11 11	
	_ •	∴C -3	Hornet Force	
	24-28	;-2	Spike Team	
		-	· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



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MONTH	DATES	TARGET	TYPE UNIT	REMARKS
December	9-10	P-5	Spike Team	
(11 ST & 2 HF)	9 -1 0	Delta Team	13 11	
		Recovery		
•	10-11	n n	Hornet Force	6 VC KIA
	13-15	N-5	Spike Team	2 VC KIA
•	13-15	R-5	tf fl	
•	14	Delta Team	Hornet Force	
		Recovery		
	15-16	Z-5.	Spike Team	
	17-18	M-5	11 11	1 VC KIA
	19	0-5	13 11	
	20	Q-5	H . H	
	21-25	S-5	, ii n	1 VC KIA
	26-31	C-6	jt ti	
ป	27-1 Jan	A-6	17 17	

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APPENDIX V - JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY CENTER (JPRC).

- 1. (TSLD) CINCPAC Top Secret message DTG 160232Z September 1966 authorized the activation of the Joint Personnel Recovery Center. On 17 September 1966, the Center was activated by COMUSMACV with the following mission: To establish a capability within COMUSMACV for personnel recovery operations subsequent to termination of search and rescue (SAR) efforts. The JPRC was set up to function as a separate staff division within MACSOG. Since activation it has acted as the focal point for all intelligence information relating to detained or missing personnel in the Southeast Asia theater of operations. It has utilized information gathered to prepare basic operational procedures, and to recommend recovery operations, for downed airmen in evadee or escapee status and US or allied prisoners of war.
- 2. (S) The original activation of the Joint Fersonnel Recovery Center authorized three officers (1 Col AF, 1 Maj Army, 1 LCDR Navy) and 2 enlisted men. Subsequently two additional officers (1 Maj AF and 1 Maj Army) and one enlisted man were authorized.

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- 3. (TSLD) To complement the Safe-Area program in North Vietnam, the JPRC was directed to establish Safe Area Activation Teams (SAAT). The initial increment of six four-man teams was recruited and trained by late October. Additional teams were recruited, and at the close of the year there were six teams operationally ready with an additional four teams recruited and ready for training. No operations were conducted during 1966 employing the Safe Area Activation Teams.
- (TSLD) The Joint Personnel Recovery Center in coordination with representatives of 7th Air Force and 7th Fleet developed a new recognition symbol system to be used by airmen in an evasion status. These procedures were approved by CINCPAC and became effective on 1 October. Since that time, JFRC representatives have spent considerable time in the field briefing aircrews of the three component commands on the E&E program. The recognition symbol system now in use requires that the evading airman construct a predesignated code letter from whatever material is available. It is recognized that the airman's task would be made much easier if he had material to construct the code letter available on his person. In an effort to discover some suitable material, the JPRC has conducted experiments involving high altitude photography of code letters constructed of aluminum foil. While this proved quite satisfactory, the JPRC is currently trying to procure some colored light weight plastic material. The JPRC is of the opinion that this material would photograph as well as aluminum foil and would have the added advantage of packaging a sufficient quantity into a smaller packet than a like amount of foil. Also, it would be easier for the downed airman to work with.





- 5. (TSLD) Generally speaking, recovery operations have taken one of two forms. The first of these has been the raid type operation against known or suspected enemy prisoner of war camps. The following operations have been of the raid type:
- Operation Crimson Tide. On 30 August 1966, a 17 year old VC rallied to Chieu Hoi. Interrogation revealed that on 25 August he had observed an American Negro prisoner being held by the VC. He gave a detailed description of the location of the prison site. Aerial photography of the area was requested and flown, but yielded inconclusive results. The rallier was reinterrogated on 28-29 September and based on information acquired in this interrogation, low level photography was requested. An Air Force combat cameraman, using a hand-held camera from an O-l aircraft, obtained excellent photographs of the area. On 9 October the photographs were flown to Can Tho and shown to the rallier, who positively identified the prison The rallier agreed to take a polygraph test, which was administered on 11 October. The results of the test indicated that the rallier probably was telling the truth. Final arrangements were made with the Senior Corps Advisor for IV Corps to conduct a raid. On 18 October, a companysized recovery force was heliborne to the prison site. This force was accompanied by the source, who pointed out fortifications and areas where booby traps were located. Contact with the VC was made, but no US personnel were recovered. Two VC prisoners captured during the raid would reveal no information regarding US prisoners. Although the operation was terminated without the successful recovery of US prisoners, many valuable operational lessons were learned.
- Operation Cobra Tail. On 13 December 1966, a confidential informant for the Deputy of Administration, Tay Ninh Frovince, gave information on US prisoners being held by the VC. This information was given to JPRC on 16 December and arrangements made for a thorough debriefing of the source and a polygraph test. The debrief and polygraph test were accomplished on 18-19 December and the source returned with the debrief team to Saigon. Photographs were requested from 7th Air Force and both verticals and obliques taken. Further debriefs of the source were made by personnel of both the 135th Military Intelligence Group and the Joint Personnel Recovery Center. Because the suspected prisoner of war camp was located inside the Cambodian border, permission from CINCPAC was required to launch the operation. Permission to conduct a raid type operation was requested on 26 December. Further amplifying information was sent to CINCPAC later on the 26th and again on the 28th of December. mission was granted on 29 December to launch the operation. The operation was launched at approximately 1220H, 30 December, employing elements of the 25th Infantry Division. Contact with the VC was made, but no US prisoners were recovered. 35 VC were killed in action and 34 detainees apprehended. Later interrogation of the detainees disclosed that US prisoners had been seem in the area prior to the operation. Valuable intelligence was gathered from the debriefs as well as from captured documents. Although this operation did not result in the recovery of US prisoners of war, again it provided valuable experience with reference to techniques utilized in this type of operation.

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6. (TSLD) The other type of operation conducted by the Joint Personnel Recovery Center has involved the search of an area where personnel who are evading, or who have escaped, are known or strongly suspected to be. To date these operations have taken place either in North Vietnam or in Laos. The following operations were conducted during 1966:

a. Operation Number 1. On 23 September, a weak beeper signal

- was heard by aircraft operating in the vicinity of 1806N/1050AE. This correlated most closely with a report of went down in the general area on 12 September. A request to launch a recovery operation was made to CINCPAC on 24 September. CINCPAC approved this request contingent upon approval from American Embassies in Bangkok and Bangkok concurred in the Joint Personnel Recovery Center launching a recovery operation, but felt they had resources better suited to the task. A ten-man team was launched n 26 September. Airborne searches were withdrawn at this time to avoid attracting undue attention to the area. The team was split into two groups, with one group searching the immediate area where the signals were heard, while the other group searched along the axis of natural terrain features in a southeasterly direction. This seemed to be the most probable course the downed airman would take. In addition both teams interrogated village informants in the general area of the search to determine if the pilot had been sighted or aircraft wreckage seen. Both the searches and the interrogations were negative. Teams were withdrawn from the area on 3 October and the operation suspended at that time.
- b. Operation. Number 2. On 29 September, a report was received that an FAC was down in the vicinity of WE9731 (Lacs). Search and Rescue launched a recorry operation at first light, 30 September 1966, and one pilot was recovered. The parachute rescue man sighted the other parachute in the trees, but could not be lowered due to the ruggedness of the terrain. On 30 September, the Joint Search and Rescue Center requested assistance from JPRC. After obtaining necessary approvals, a ERIGHT LIGHT team was launched on the morning of 1 October. At approximately 1635, the body of Major Saul (mmn) Waxman, USAF, was recovered. The recovery was made at coordinates XE1040, which is in North Vietnam rather than Laos. Major Waxman was apparently killed when he released himself from his parachute harness and fell approximately 100 feet from the trees. A CH3 helicopter was employed to infiltrate and exfiltrate the BRIGHT LIGHT team as well as the recovered body. Due to the inaccessibility of the terrain, the helicopter winch was used. This operation was terminated on 1 October.
- c. Operation Canasta 572. On 12 October, a Navy A-1, call sign Canasta 572, was downed in the vicinity of 1926N/10533E. Voice contact was made with the pilot and his exact location determined, but search and rescue efforts were unsuccessful due to the enemy situation and the dense tree cover that prevented the lowering of a sling to the pilot. The Joint Personnel Recovery Center was asked for assistance on 14 October. A ERIGHT LIGHT

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team was readied and launched that evening. It arrived on the carrier USS Intrepid at approximately midnight and was prepared to launch at first light, 15 October. The weather on 15 October prevented the launch of the recovery On 16 October, the recovery team was helilifted to the area of the downed pilot and landed at a point approximately 800 meters from his last known position. The team planned to sweep toward the pilot in skirmish formation. Approximately 100 meters from the target, the team encountered a large trail under the jungle canopy. This trail was taken under surveillance. After approximately fifteen minutes, a North Vietnamese uniformed patrol, obviously engaged in search, approached within 10 meters of the team and the team leader thought they had been detected. The patrol was engaged and all four members were killed. The team leader requested exfiltration, feeling that the team was compromised. During the exfiltration, one helicopter was hit by ground fire at the exfiltration point. On the flight out, the helicopter was again hit and three team members (one US, two VN) received minor fragment wounds. The helicopter was eventually lost. Electronic and visual searches of the area were continued for several days with negative results and the operation was suspended. It was learned later that the pilot who was the object of this operation had been captured.

d. Operation Shark. At approximately 1810 on 27 October, an Air Force F-105 went down in the vicinity of YB2025. A forward air controller working in the area in conjunction with a SHINING ERASS operation established voice contact with the downed pilot. The Joint Personnel Recovery Center was notified and a HRIGHT LIGHT mission requested. A radio message was sent to Dak To requesting a helicopter be sent for a recovery operation. Two Army UH-1B gunships and one unamed helicopter were dispatched to the scene. The pilot was located when he fired three pen gun flares. Using 'is landing light, the unamed UH-1B helicopter picked the pilot up at approximately 1900 hours and the operation was terminated.

e. Operation Commando Ol. On 16 November 1966, an Air Force Al-G, call sign Commando Ol, went down in the vicinity of coordinates 1525N/10633E. Three crewmen were on board the aircraft and all exited the aircraft successfully. Search and Rescue efforts were initiated immediately and the pilot and co-pilot recovered. The crew chief, who was the first man to leave the aircraft, was not found. The pilot stated he had definitely seen the crew chief with a good chute. The Joint Personnel Recovery Center was notified of the above developments and the fact that search and recovery efforts had been suspended. The was contacted and asked to provide search and

recovery forces. At the same time, a flash message was sent to the American Embassy, Vinntiane, Laos outlining the situation and asking that the feasibility of a search in the area be explored. Vientiane considered the search feasible and prepositioned forces for infiltration into the area on 17 November. At sunset on 16 November, an Air American Dornier made a loudspeaker flight over the area advising the downed airman to build a fire for recognition purposes as a night low level recce would be flown that evening and that indigenous recovery forces would

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be searching the area beginning the following day. An A26 aircraft performed the low level recce the night of the l6th with negative results. On 17 November, a recovery team of 40 personnel was infiltrated into the area by HH3 helicopters of the 20th Air Commando Squadron and search operations were started. On 18 November, the search force was augmented to a total strength of 150 personnel. Search operations continued throughout an eight day period. During the eight day period, a total of 175 FAR troops and 70 SGU CAS forces participated in the search and a total of 70 air sorties were flown. The main body of troops searched the area where the airman's parachute was believed to have fallen and found no sign of the airman or his chute. Villagers questioned in the area claimed to have no knowledge of the airman's fate. It was felt the airman was either killed or captured within 48 hours after bailout. The operation was suspended on 24 November.

- Operation Scramble. On 2 December, a Delta Team (Reconnaissance unit of 5th Special Forces Group) composed of two US and four indigenous members on an in-country mission inadvertently crossed the border into Laos. They were surrounded in the vicinity of XD 633631. In an attempt to exfiltrate the team by helicopter, one helicopter was shot down with five crewmembers aboard. Permission was requested and granted to launch recovery operations. Launch of the recovery operation was delayed due to bad weather. On 5 December, two indigenous team members were picked up in South Vietnam. They had last seen the two US and remaining two indigenous team members on 2 December. At that time they were involved in a fire fight and one US member had a chest and leg wound and the other US member was with him. One indigenous member had been killed in action and the other was believed to have been captured. On 9 December, a Spike Team infiltrated into the area and was followed on 10 December by a Hornet Force, which was eventually built up to 80 men. They found the helicopter with the remains of the 5 crewmembers still on board. The remains had been The bodies had been mutilated by the unfriendlies and burned from the crash. heavily booby-trapped. These teams exfiltrated on 10 December. On 14 December, an ARC LIGHT strike was made on the downed helicopter. Subsequently a Hornet Force of approximately 35 personnel infiltrated into the area by helicopter. Two complete bodies and partial remains on an unknown number of others were recovered. All of the remains were exfiltrated by the Hornet Force on 14 December. The operation was terminated.
- 7. (TSLD) In a totally different approach to personnel recovery, the JPRC is currently working with MACSOG PSYOP personnel on a program of leaf-let and/or airborne loudspeaker operations designed to inform the populace that they will receive handsome monetary rewards for assisting downed US airmen to return to friendly control. Funds to finance this program will be included in the next SOG budget. It is planned that this program initially will be undertaken in Laos.

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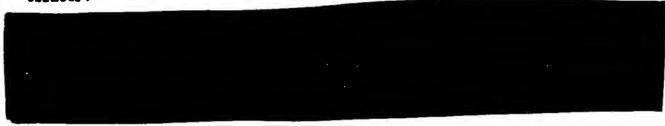
8. (TSLD) Procedures designed to effect the recovery of downed airmen call for a survival kit to be dropped once a code letter has been sighted. An attempt will then be made to establish electronic contact with the evadee. JPRC is in the process of packaging thirty air-droppable kits. Fifteen of these will be designed to be dropped from high performance aircraft and the remainder from low speed aircraft. The kits will be prepositioned at several different sites to provide a capability for immediate reaction once a code letter has been sighted.

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APPENDIX VI - LOGISTICS

1. (TSLD) PERSONNEL:

a. Logistic positions authorized under changes to the Joint Table of Distribution at the end of CY 65 and which were filled during CY 66 included those of the Comptroller, Budget Analyst, Transportation Officer, Civil Engineer, and Assistant Supply Officer. One additional space was authorized and filled during the year, that of Research and Development Officer.



2. (TSLD) SUPPLY & SERVICES:

- a. The expansion of SHINING BRASS through the addition of 10 reconnaissance teams and three battalion-size exploitation forces created initial supply demands of considerable scope. Although the time from approval of the expansion to its inception was less than a month, all supply commitments were met on schedule.
- b. It became apparent during the first quarter that a basic change in the concept of logistic support for SOG was required, brought about as a result of the overall US buildup of forces. In prior years, when the US commitment in RVN was small, it was necessary for SOG to obtain the greatest portion of its supplies through the Counterinsurgency Support Office (CISO) 2nd Logistical Command, Okinawa. With the buildup and the establishment of the service logistics, sources in Vietnam, all classes of supply of common items used by SOG became more readily available through in-country sources. Accordingly, the decision was made to use US in-country resources wherever possible to meet SOG requirements.
- c. To take maximum advantage of in-country resources, Inter-Service Support Agreements (ISSA) were concluded with Army, Navy, and Air Force components. This greatly facilitated service as well as supply support for widely scattered SOG elements.
- d. SOG supplies from off-shore sources previously had been shipped utilizing the shipping designator of the 5th Special Forces in Nha Trang. This meant, in most cases, double or triple handling of supply items. To overcome this, shipping designators were obtained for SOG units at Saigon, Nha 1 ng, and Danang. This enabled shipments, where practicable, to be made rectly to the unit, thus reducing shipping time, lost shipments, and t asportation requirements.



e. In prior years, SOG had procured many items of supply from the local Vietnamese economy. With the build-up and the accompanying inflation, this practice had an adverse effect on the SOG budget. In addition, the quality of goods so obtained became generally poorer. To reduce plastre expenditures, SOG shifted procurement of items such as indigenous uniforms and equipment to CISO. The lower cost and increased quality of material obtained more than compensated for the increase in stockage requirements.

3. (TSLD) FACILITIES AND CONSTRUCTION:

- a. Again, the expansion of SHINING BRASS had a significant effect. Construction of camps was begun at Kontum and Hue Phu Bai and facilities at Kham Duc were expanded. Construction of a headquarters building, a BEQ and BOQ was completed for the C&C Detachment in Danang.
- b. The Naval Advisory Detachment completed the move of its action teams to Camp Black Rock in the 2nd quarter of CY 66, and made plans for consolidation of the remainder of the operational and support facilities including the SEAL Advisory Team to the Black Rock area. Construction employing Seabee labor had begun at year's end.
- c. Construction at Camp Long Thanh included some barracks, but for the most part consisted of rehabilitation of camp defenses and buildings. Construction in Saigon was limited to a vehicle repair shed and a warehouse shed for SOG Supply.
- d. At Nha Trang, alteration of the 1st Flight Detachment BOQ was completed. To accommodate personnel assigned to the C-130 Detachment, arrangements were made with 7th Air Force for construction of crew quarters. This building was completed in the 4th quarter of CY 66.

4. (TSLD) CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT REVIEW PANEL (CERP):

- a. In July the CERP was established. This panel was comprised of representatives of all SOG agencies with the threefold mission of (1) reviewing items of clothing and equipment currently in use to determine suitability (2) reviewing new items of clothing and equipment for possible application and (3) establishing requirements for new items of clothing or equipment.
- b. The first meeting was held in July with subseq int meetings in September and December. As a result of the panel, numerous langes were made

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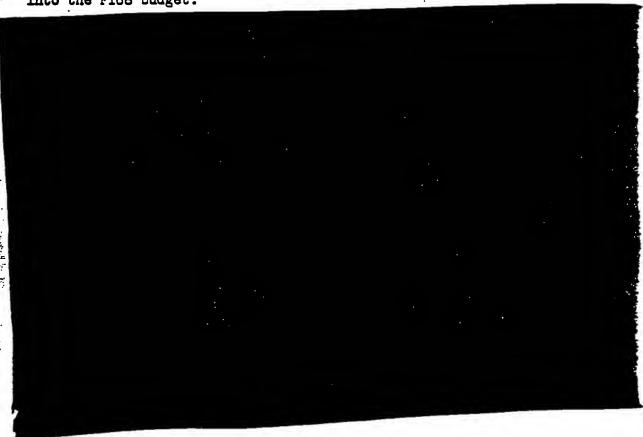


in existing clothing and equipment, either through type change, source, design or a combination. It also served as a valuable vehicle in showing all SOG agencies clothing and equipment which was available to meet their requirements and getting a free exchange of ideas.

c. The December meeting included a representative from the Counterinsurgency Support Office (CISO), 2nd Logistical Command, Okinawa, which is responsible for the off-shore procurement of many items of clothin equipment, and rations for the SOG.

5. (TSLD) BUDGET & FISCAL:

- a. Due to delay in congressional approval of supplementary funds for FI66, funds for 34a & SHINING BRASS programs for the 3rd quarter of FI66 were not received until March. However, this had no adverse effect up operations.
- b. CINCPAC requested a SOG estimate for additional funds necessar for the OP-34 program to finance common ammunition requirements in support of PTFs during 4th quarter FY66 and for FY67. After submission of the estimate by SOG, CINCPAC decided that the Navy would continue to provide PTF ammunition support through FY67. SOG has programmed this requirement into the FY68 budget.



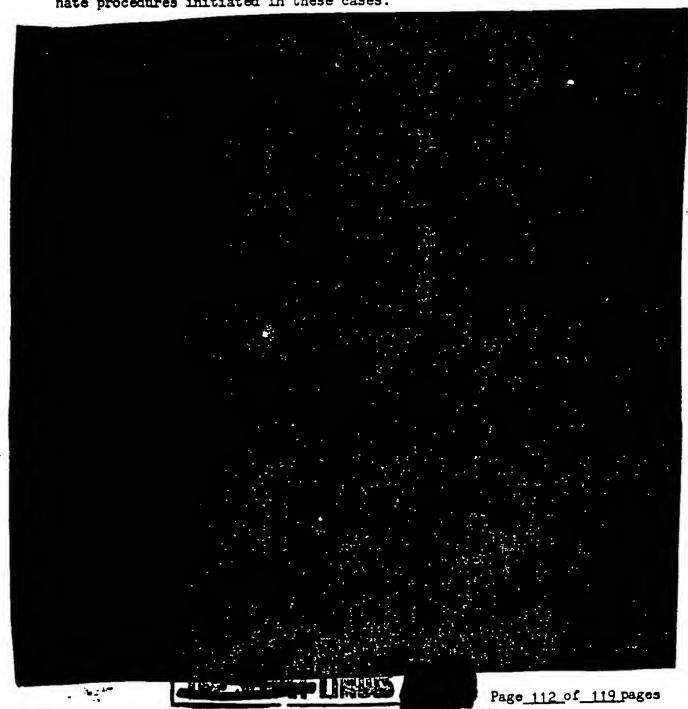
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h. The Comptroller Division, authorized by JCS in October 1965, became functional in July. This added a Comptroller and Budget Analyst to the Finance Officer previously authorized. The need for these additional personnel had become most urgent due to the size of the programs, and their assignment had an immediate salutary effect in the management of financial resources within SOG.

i. CNO directed the Naval Audit Office to conduct an audit of SOG with the view to assisting and guiding the new SOG Comptroller. As a result of this audit conducted in July & August, recommendations were made. By years end 29 of these recommendations had either been partially or fully implemented. Exception was taken to two recommendations, by SOG, and alternate procedures initiated in these cases.



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APPENDIX VII - PLANS

1. (S) Mission. Advises the Commander, SOG, on all matters pertaining to SOG planning responsibilities to include COMUSSEASIA UW Plans, COMUSMACV current and contingency operations plans, and other special planning requirements. Prepares plans, studies, reports, updates documents and executes other staff actions as directed. Provides direction and tasks other branches of the SOG Staff, and when required to insure that required plans are prepared in essential detail in a timely manner and are maintained current.

2. (TSLD) Accomplishments.

a. Published Plans.

- (1) 37C-66 (Cross Border Operations into Cambodia) (TSLD). Envisions covert cross-border operations to collect intelligence on VC/NVN activities and combat operations against selected targets to destroy them.
- (2) 370-66 (Maritime Measures to Deal with Cambodian Support to the Viet Cong)(TSLD). Envisions covert/clandestine maritime operations to collect intelligence on VC/NVN activities ashore in Cambodian coastal areas.
- (3) 37E-66 (Operations to Encourage Defections from NVN) (TSLD). Envisions special covert maritime operations along the coast of NVN in the Gulf of Tonkin.
- (4) SOG General Plan for FY68 (U). Projects SOG operations through the period FY 68 and provides guidance to Branch Chiefs and subordinate commands in the preparation of supporting programs.

b. Other projects completed:

- (1) JUWIF JTD. Organization of JUWIF SEASIA under conditions of limited or general war.
- (2) Annex N (UW) to MACV OPLAN FULL CRY (U). Contingency Plan for the conduct of UW in the PLATEAU DES BOLOVENS area of Southern Laos in support of conventional ground force operations.

c. Projects in progress:

(1) JUWIF OPLAN 1-66 (General War) (U) JUSIF General War Plan supports COMUSSEASIA OPLAN 1-66 (U), and contingency plans 32-64 Ph III - IV (U) and 39-65 (U).

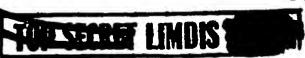
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- (2) Annex N (UW) to MACV OPLAN RUBDOWN I/II (U). Contingency plan for the conduct of UW in CAMBODIA in support of Ground Force Operations.
- (3) Cease-fire Contingency Plan (U). Contingency plan outlining options available to SOG for the continuation of operations following cessation of overt hostilities.
- (4) Modified Practice Nine Plan (U). Variations of the Practice Nine Barrier Plan involving the use of SHINING BRASS assets north of Highway 9 in LAOS.
- (5) SOG/STS Three-year Plan (U). Combined plan for the conduct of SOG/STS operations during the time frame FY 68 FY 70.

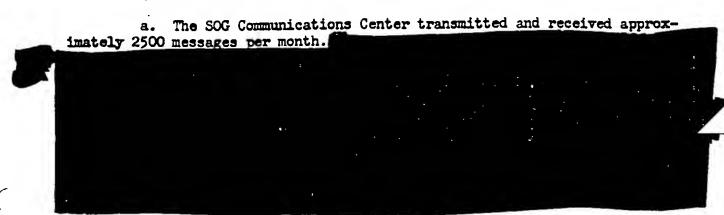
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1. (SLD) OPERATIONS



- c. Restoration priorities for the teletype circuits serving SOG are on the 2 level. To prevent the SOG circuit to Danang from being preempted, an agreement with MACV COC was worked out in October. Under this agreement, MACV COC awards a temporary 24 hour ld priority of restoration during missions, based on a telephoned request from SOG.
- d. Camp Long Thanh started the year with only one authorized frequency in the VHF FM range and no authorized frequencies in other ranges. Two VHF FM, one VHF in the area of 120 mc and one UHF frequency were added in Oct, Nov and Dec. This now provides Camp Long Thanh with a satisfactory capability for base security patrols and aircraft control.
- e. A secure pony circuit between SOG comm center and MACV I was activated to pass "Immediate" and "Flash" precedence outgoing traffic. Less than half of this circuit's capability was being utilized initially.

In early December an agreement was reached with J-6 and J-1 to allow passing incoming to SOG "Immediate" and "Flash" precedence traffic by the MACVJ-6 Comm Center. This action saved many vehicular trips per day to MACV I.

2. (SLD) FACILITIES & CIRCUITRY

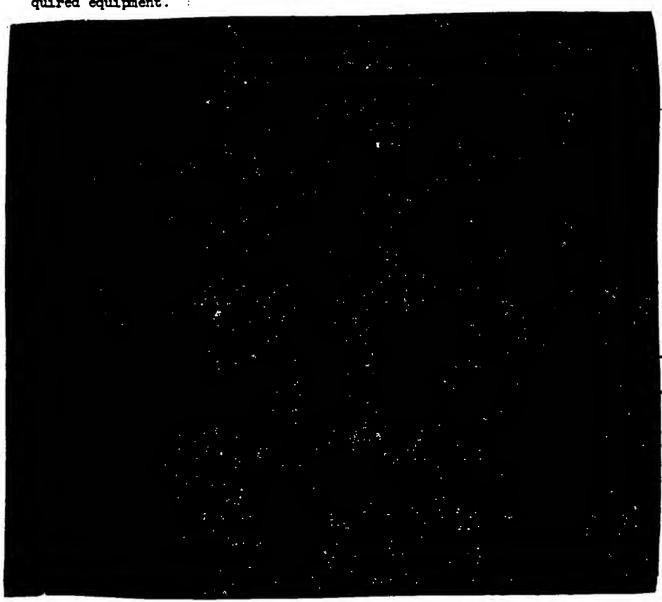
a. The Sanh, Kontum and Phu Bai Launch bases for C&C Detachment were added to the SOG SSB Net.



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- c. A new point to point secure voice facility was installed between the JPRC and SAR at Tan Son Whut upon activation of the JPRC.
- d. A project was begun to add a TTY alternate circuit on circuit OP-26 from Danang Control to C&C Detachment. This will make OP-26 a multipoint net plus giving a higher reliability in the Danang area. In addition, a TTY net is being established between C & C Detachment and the FOBs and launch sites. At the close of the year the project was still incomplete due to difficulties encountered in the procurement of the required equipment.



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SUMMARY OF AGREEMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

OF THE

DOD ELECTRONIC FORMS WORKING GROUP

The DoD Electronic Forms Working Group was organized and convened under the authority of the Director, Administration and Management, on August 23, 1990, to review the issues of controlling and managing electronic forms and to implement a standardized electronic forms solution which would meet the needs of the total DoD community, be cost effective, provide for the integrity of DoD forms, and facilitate the electronic interchange of forms and information.

The agreements and recommendations outlined hereto represent the consensus of the designated representatives of the five Chartered members (Department of the Army, Department of the Navy, Department of the Air Force, Defense Information Systems Agency, and Defense Logistics Agency), under the chairmanship of the DoD Forms Management Officer. The representatives designated by their agencies to participate in the Electronic Forms Working Group were the Component's Forms Management Officer (FMO).

I. Problems Addressed:

End-users in all the DoD Components have relatively unrestricted access to technology which permits forms to be electronically designed or paper form copy to be electronically duplicated on an ad hoc basis.

Under these conditions, the established review processes and internal controls at all DoD levels may have been seriously compromised in the accomplishment of the following objectives of the Paperwork Reduction Act and the DoD Electronic Data Interchange Initiative. These objectives are to:

- ensure the integrity of the forms being generated and of the information being collected on the forms;
- prevent multiple duplication of a single electronic form and minimize the total DoD cost;
- encourage DoD-wide use of an open-system technology standard for electronic forms design and fill-in to permit electronic interchange of information captured on forms within DoD and between DoD and its external affiliates; and
- control unnecessary DoD expenditures for rekeying information collected on forms into database storage systems already in use within DoD.

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II. Agreements on An Approach to a Solution:

- 1. Identify a software package that can be purchased by all DoD components and used on standard non-proprietary hardware operating systems for use as an electronic forms management system tool.
- 2. Use this software in the DIOR, WHS, to design Department of Defense (DD), Secretary of Defense (SD), and those Standard Forms (SF) and Optional Forms (OF) sponsored by the DoD and authorized for electronic generation. The electronic versions will be made available to DoD Component FMOs for further internal distribution.
- 3. Using this standard forms design software, DoD Component FMOs are encouraged to produce and distribute electronic versions of the Component-level forms they develop, and to make further electronic distribution within their agencies.
- 4. The DoD FMOs will produce electronic forms in accordance with the policies and standards prescribed in DoDI 7750.7, "DoD Forms Management Program"; DoD 7750.7-M, "DoD Forms Management Program Procedures Manual"; and periodic supplemental guidance thereto. All existing approval processes for creating, revising, or cancelling DD and SD Forms, and DoD sponsored SFs and OFs, and requests for exceptions as described in the DoDI 7750.7 and DoD 7750.7-M apply; except, paper versions may be substituted with electronic diskettes to permit more efficient processing at every stage of the design and approval processes.
- 5. DoD FMOs will produce electronic forms in compliance with all current Federal and DoD Information Resources Management policies and procedures to ensure collected data can be exchanged with database applications on various standard non-proprietary computer systems already in existence throughout DoD. This will become increasingly more important as DoD agencies become involved with Electronic Data Interchange with the business/commerce initiatives currently being promoted.

III. Recommendations:

- 1. An electronic forms technology system be established in the DIOR, WHS, and within each Electronic Forms Working Group Component Forms Management Office, at the respective Component's expense.
- 2. The following standards be accepted for DoD-wide use in all aspects (the creation, revision, fill-in, cancellation, distribution, storage, and printing) of electronic forms management:

- a. Each Component Forms Management Officer within the DoD Electronic Forms Working Group will use the Navy Standard Desktop "Companion" Contract to acquire PerFORM Pro forms software. The specifications contained in the Navy RFP for forms software were determined to be consistent with the DoD Electronic Forms Working Group criteria for specific functional capabilities required for electronic management of the DoD Forms Program.
- b. The DoD Electronic Forms Working Group will establish clear objectives, cost/benefit ratios, and performance standards for implementation of the electronic forms standardization initiative and will continue to provide general direction and advice to non-member DoD Components for this initiative.
- c. The Air Force will serve as the lead Component for testing the acceptability of the standard software and SAF/AAIAI will provide technical expertise to other representatives of the DoD Electronics Forms Working Group.
- d. The DIOR, WHS, will serve as the mission authority on the acceptability of the software with respect to reliability, integrity, production quality, and ease of use, and on the overall effectiveness of the electronic forms initiative in promoting the accomplishment of its missions in the DoD Forms Management Program.

Respectfully submitted,
The DoD Electronic Forms Working
Group

Chairperson:

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Army	And Deputy Director for Policy	70d9 (Date)
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Air Force	ROBERT J. McCORMICK Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Air Force	(Date)
DLA	W. DAVID KERLIN Chief, Publishing Division	(Date)
DISA	SARAH JANE LEAGUE Chief Information Officer	(Date)

OF THE

Army		•
	ROBERT S. MANNING Deputy Director for Policy	(Date)
Navy	EDWARD C. WHITMAN Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Navy (C41/EW Space) ** See 1 Nov 91 memo	11/91 (Date)
Air Force	ROBERT J. McCORMICK Administrative Assistant to the Secretary of the Air Force	(Date)
DLA	W. DAVID KERLIN Chief, Publishing Division	(Date)
DISA	SARAH JANE LEAGUE	(Date)



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY (Research, Development and Acquisition) WASHINGTON, D.C. 20350-1000

1 Nov 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR DIRECTOR, ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT, OSD

Subj: DOD ELECTRONIC FORMS STANDARDIZATION PROJECT

Ref: (a) SECDEF memo of 26 Aug 91

Encl: (1) Summary of Agreements and Recommendations of the DOD Electronic Forms Working Group

As requested by reference (a), enclosure (1) has been reviewed.

The Department of the Navy concurs in the agreements and recommendations of the DOD Electronic Forms Working Group with the understanding that future work in this area will take a broad approach, fully recognizing the interrelationships of data administration and personal computers with electronic forms management. This broad perspective may well lead to adoption of standards other than the PerFORM software recommended by the working group.

Point of contact for this matter is Ms. Alcinda Wenberg at (703) 602-2354.

EDWARD C. WHITMAN

dward C MA

Deputy Assistant Secretary

of the Navy (C4I/EW/Space)

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